W. H. PERRY,
Hardware,
Stoves and
Tinware.
42 JOHNSON ST.

Victoria Daily Times.

FOR THAT
"After the Ball" Feeling
JONES'
BEEF, IRON AND WINE.
38 Gov't St. Always open.

VOL. 18 VICTORIA, B. C., TUESDAY, DECEMBER 12, 1893. No. 291

XMAS PRESENTS.

Davidson Bros., The Jewellers,

....ARE RUNNING OFF....

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry Silverware and Novelties at immense reductions for Cash.

SELECT YOUR PRESENTS EARLY, BEFORE THE RUSH BEGINS.

3

Days only remain of the Westside's great Unreserved Sale with

20 per cent.
Off for Cash.

This discount applies to the entire stock.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

'Tis Sweet to court, but, oh, how bitter!
To court a girl whose shoes don't fit her.

BUTZ

There will be no bitterness if the girl has bought her shoes at Erskine's.
His shoes are stylish, moderate priced, and everybody can get perfect fitting shoes from him.

Time—A.D. 1893.

Place—Corner Government and Johnson Streets.

Men's Pants

At $2.00 a Pair
Worth $2.50 and $3.

We are clearing out a lot of good, strong heavy pants at the bare cost of production. We are willing to forego the usual profit on this line for working men. They can't be equalled. No shoddy; but good honest goods.

GILMORE & McCANDLESS,

Telephone 503. 35 and 37 Johnson Street.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Situation on a farm by experienced, steady and industrious married man; seven years in last situation. Apply A., Times office. d12-2t

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders will be received up to noon of Saturday, December 16, for the construction of a Frame Building at Esquimalt. Plans and specifications can be seen by applying at the office of Albion Iron Works Co. Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

ALBION IRON WORKS CO.

Dec12-3t

VICTORIA WEST HALL.

Friday and Saturday, Dec. 15, 16.

The great comedy drama, in 4 acts, entitled

"STRIFE"

—by—

The Victoria West Amateur Dramatic Society.

Commencing at 8 p.m. Admission 25c.; reserved seats 50c., to be obtained at T. N. Hibben & Co's. bookstore. Grand Family Matinee on Saturday, December 16th, at 2:30 p.m. Admission 25c.; children under 12, 10c. See small bills. d12-td

Grand Bazaar

AT PHILHARMONIC HALL,

Given by the Young Ladies of the Reformed Episcopal Church,

Tuesday, Dec. 19th

Doors open at 12. Lunch from 12 to 2.

Concert and Tableaux

at 8 o'clock.

Admission to Concert 50 Cents. Children Half-Price.

d12-td

The Only Attraction

TO-NIGHT.

GRAND POPULAR

CONCERT

—In—

Institute Hall, View Street,

under the direction of

CLEMENT ROWLANDS.

A grand programme, consisting of

Glees, Madrigals, Trios, Duets, Etc.

The House will be comfortably heated. dec12

JOSHUA DAVIES

AUCTIONEER,

Has received instructions from Mr. A. B. Gray, who is giving up housekeeping, to sell on the premises of that large two-story dwelling, 82 Belleville st., corner of Belleville and Oswego sts., James Bay, facing harbor, all the valuable

Household Furniture,

Contained therein, on

Friday, December 15

at 11 o'clock a.m., comprising:

DRAWING ROOM—Walnut, hair cloth covered suite, 7 pieces; walnut marble top Centre Table; walnut Music Rack; walnut Corner Whatnot, handsomely carved; pair handsome Chinese Garden Seats; gilt Easel; two 5-o'clock Tea Tables; Steel Engravings and other Pictures, Brackets, Ornaments and bric-a-brac; Carpets, Rugs, Wolf Skin, etc.

DINING ROOM—Oak Extension Table, marble top mahogany Sideboard; marble top Side Table; mahogany Secretary Bookcase; Lounge, Easy and other Chairs; 3 Royal Acadamy Oil Paintings and other Pictures; Brussels Carpet; Gurney Franklin Stove; Glassware, Cutlery; hanging and pedestal Lamps; Ornaments, etc.

BEDROOM NO. 1—Very handsome walnut Suite, with marble top pieces; Mattresses and Bedding; handsome walnut Wardrobe; marble top walnut Centre Table; 16x20 Carpet, nearly new; Chamber Set; Pictures, etc.

HALL—Oak combined Hat Rack and Umbrella Stand; Stove and Piping; Carpet and Rug; Hanging Lamp.

BED ROOM NO. 2—Child's walnut Cot and Mattresses; stained Wood Set, 3 pieces; Stove; Pictures; Child's Bath, etc.

BED ROOM NO. 3—Upstairs—Walnut Suite; marble top Bureau; Wardrobe; Toilet Set; walnut small Table; Carpet; Pictures.

BED ROOM NO. 4(E)—Walnut Bed Stead, Mattress and Bedding; 2 Chests of Drawers; English Toilet Glass; Wardrobe; Steel Engravings and other Pictures; Carpets; Chamber Crockery; etc.

BED ROOM NO. 5—Stained wood Suite; Mattress; Bedding; three-quarter Bedstead and Mattress; Carpets, etc.

BILLIARD ROOM—Three-and-a-half by seven Billiard Table; Balls; Cues; Marker, etc., complete; Sofa Bed Lounge; Steel Engravings and other Pictures; Ornaments; Tables; Chairs; 16x20 Carpet, etc.

SEWING ROOM—Carpet; Chest of Drawers; 2 nursery Guard Fenders; Sewing Machine, etc. Carpet in hall upstairs and on the stairs.

BED ROOM NO.5. (SE)—Handsome marble top walnut Suite; spring and hair Mattresses; Carpet Square; Pictures, etc.

SMALL BED ROOM (S)—Painted Suites spring and wool Mattress; Carpet, etc.

SMALL BED ROOM (SW)—Painted Suite; spring and hair Mattress; Carpet, etc; large stained wood Wardrobe.

KITCHEN.—No. 8 "Grand Universal" Stove, nearly new; usual utensils; Crockery; Tables; Chairs; contents of pantry and scullery.

OUTSIDE.—Hose, Shears, Step Ladder and Garden Tools.

The foregoing contains only particulars of the principal goods for sale.

Terms: Cash.

JOSHUA DAVIES,
Auctioneer.

dec12

Sympathy From Perfidious Albion.

Paris, Dec. 12.—Dupuy has received a letter from the speaker of the British house of commons expressing sympathy with the French chamber because of the dynamite outrages.

NO CESARS THEY

John G. Russell and J. J. Van Alen Quietly Decline

THE HIGHEST OFFICES IN THE GIFT

Of President Cleveland of the United States.

Russell Refused the Collectorship of the Port of Boston—He Also Declined to be Made Secretary of State—And Would Not be American Ambassador to Italy.

Boston, Dec. 12.—As soon as it was settled that J. J. Van Alen would not accept the post of minister to Rome it was tendered to John G. Russell by the president. Mr. Russell declined the office. At little later President Cleveland offered Mr. Russell the collectorship of the port of Boston, but Mr. Russell declined that also. It is understood that Mr. Russell disliked the idea of becoming a headsman, a position he would be compelled to assume if he became collector of the port. A fact which has never before been made public has also been learned. In "making up the slate," after President Cleveland's election, Senator Carlisle asked the president to make Mr. Russell secretary of state.

The Garza Bandits.

Brownsville, Tex., Dec. 12.—In Rio Grande City on Saturday night Fred Fern, the only American connected with the famous Garza outbreak on the frontier, was found in the agonies of death with a bullet in his head. Fern turned states' evidence against the Gartzaites and has been very active in hunting down his former companions. Yesterday was the anniversary of the massacre in San Ignitio, where three Mexican army officers and a number of soldiers were surprised and killed by the Garza bandits. Those who escaped from their burning barracks were thrust back into the flames.

Municipal Charities.

Chicago, Dec. 11.—A resolution was introduced in the city council last night to establish refuges for the poor of the city. The aldermen subscribed $50 each, a total of $3,400 of the immediate relief fund, and appointed committees to look after sheltering the homeless. An old freight depot has been secured at the foot of Randolph street and preparations are being made to feed 3,000 persons. The churches, too, have begun work in earnest.

Drowned in Lake Union.

Seattle, Dec. 10.—This morning's terrific wind storm added three victims to the tragedies of Lake Union. James Elam, bookkeeper for the Seattle steam laundry; Emmett F. Barbee, a driver, and Joseph F. Wernett, a marker and driver, in the employ of the same concern, were drowned just at the dawn of day by the capsizing of a double-seated canoe, in which they were going to hunt ducks. William A. Stewart, the only other member of the party and also an employee of the laundry, survived to narrate the terrible accident, but he lay insensible till noon from the exhaustion of almost an hour's battle with death.

CABLE GOSSIP.

Royal Pensioners—Napoleonic Relics—Gibraltar's New Governor.

London, Dec. 12.—Edmund Yates, in his weekly letter on European affairs, says: The Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, after consulting his mother, the Queen, and his brother, the Prince of Wales, has placed himself in communication with Lord Salisbury and Mr. Gladstone on the subject of his parliamentary allowance of £25,000 ($125,000) a year, which he has resolved to "surrender." This very "generous" decision will probably be formally announced by the prime minister to the house of commons before parliament adjourns. The duke had his allowance granted him by act of parliament, and only an act of parliament can take it away. This enormous sum comes out of the pockets of the British taxpayers, and is only one item in the tremendous list of pauper pensions. This was settled in 1830, when it was proposed to deprive Prince Leopold of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, who had been elected king of Belgium, of his allowance of £50,000 ($250,000) a year, which had been voted him for life on his marriage with Princess Charlotte. King Leopold kept both Claremont and his allowance, but regularly repaid to the treasury the bulk of the income, reserving only enough to defray his British pensions and the cost of maintaining Claremont. Ernest, Duke of Cumberland, did not give up his parliamentary allowance when he became King of Hanover in 1837, but continued to draw it until his death in 1851. He was a true Guelph in his love of money.

Baron von Golstein has been selected by the Dutch government as minister to London to replace the late Count de Bylandt, and the appointment has been sanctioned by the queen regent of the Netherlands and approved by the queen.

The Duc d'Aumale has just added a fine Raphael and a series of exquisite miniatures by Floquet to his immense and magnificent collections at Chantilly. They were purchased for him by an agent at Frankfort for £12,000 ($60,000).

The queen's largest and favorite yacht, the Victoria and Albert, has just been docked at Portsmouth for the annual thorough overhaul and refit, and the furniture of Her Majesty's private cabin is to be entirely renovated. The chintz is to be of exactly the same pattern as the last, which was originally designed by Prince Albert. This vessel cost nearly $1,000,000, is constantly being refitted at vast expense, and is used by Her Majesty about once a year.

Two very remarkable Napoleonic relics are in the market. One is the theatre at Elba, which the exiled emperor caused to be built at Porto Ferraio. The second is far more interesting. It consists of a picturesque villa on the road from Genappe to Mont St. Jean (Waterloo), where Napoleon dined and slept on the night of June 17th, 1815, and in the beautiful garden of which he partly planned the engagement of the following day, leaning on the low wall from which a panorama of all the surrounding country can be obtained, and here he held his last council of war.

The bestowal of the lord lieutenancy of County Kildare, made vacant by the death of the late Duke of Leinster, is somewhat puzzling to the government, for all the eligibles are decidedly opposed to Mr. Gladstone's home rule views, and the few in the shire who hold with the premier are not overburdened with acres in the county and possess little weight or influence.

During Mr. Gladstone's visit to Sir Arthur Hayter he planted an evergreen oak on the beautiful lawn near the house and spent the most of one afternoon at Bagshot park, where he took tea with the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, inspected their fine collection of Oriental furniture, hunting and sporting trophies.

The new governor of Gibraltar has not been long in ruffling the feathers of the garrison of the Rock. Sir Robert Biddulph is a man of decided views, both as regards religion and politics, and some of his recent decisions are not calculated to produce the harmony which ought to exist in a society like that of the Rock, where so much depends upon the large-mindedness and liberality of the chief authority. A man of Sir Robert's wide experience will no doubt have the good sense to adopt the principle of give-and-take as soon as the novelty of his new position is worn off a little.

FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE.

Sir John's Positive Assurance—Luckey the Doomed Murderer.

Ottawa, Dec. 12.—Replying to the board of trade delegation at Halifax yesterday, Sir John Thompson assured the delegation that a fast Atlantic service was an accomplished fact; that an agent is in Ottawa at the present time awaiting the return of the ministers in order to complete negotiations.

An order-in-council was passed at yesterday's cabinet meeting deciding not to interfere in the Luckey case. It was not signed by Lord Aberdeen until 4 o'clock this afternoon. His excellency was looking into the case all day and called at the justice department and also at Minister Ouimet's house to see him on the matter.

A Noted Montrealer Dead

Montreal, Dec. 12.—Henry Morgan, senior member of the firm of Henry Morgan & Co., died this morning.

Canadian Independence.

Halifax, N.S., Dec. 12.—Sir John Thompson and Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper were entertained at a banquet at Halifax last night. The premier devoted a large part of his speech to the relations of Canada with the United States. Had it not been, he said, that the last two general elections in Canada established beyond doubt and for all time the commercial and political independence of this country we should never have seen the proposed trade concessions embodied in the Wilson bill. Regarding these concessions Canada will reciprocate step by step as far as we can do so without sacrificing our revenues or our industries to those of the United States. It will not lessen Canada in the esteem of the Americans for them to know first, that we intended to stand for Canada's fiscal and political independence for all time; 2nd, that there shall be no cause of quarrel between us which fair and honest neighbors cannot amicably settle (applause). The premier referred to the troublesome attitude of the fisheries question, and its settlement by the treaty of Washington. Though political difficulties prevented the ratification of that treaty by the United States the Senate of Canada has generously and faithfully adhered to its provisions ever since, in order that there should be no dispute between the two countries not amicably settled. Sir John next spoke of the exceedingly dangerous character of the Behring Sea dispute.

American News.

Brussels, Dec. 11.—Work has been begun on a railway running 40 kilometres, or about 25 miles, into the heart of Africa. There are three stations, Matadi, Palabella and Wenge.

Madrid, Dec. 11.—At a cabinet council held this evening it was resolved to take immediate action looking to an international agreement to repress anarchy.

London, Dec. 11.—The Right Rev. Edward Trollope, D.D., F.S., suffragan bishop of Nottingham, died last night.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 12.—At the session of the ways and means committee to-day the sugar schedule was considered. It was passed upon without debate. A motion was made to restore the duties under the existing law on barley, but it was defeated. The wine schedule was to be considered at the afternoon session.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 12.—A dispatch from Rio to the navy department says Admiral de Gama has assumed command in the harbor in Mello's absence.

Foreign.

London, Dec. 12.—Arrivals of Canadian apples continue to be extremely small. Prices last week rose 5s. a barrel, owing to the scarcity of the supply. There is every prospect of a further advance during the next fortnight.

Toys and Xmas Presents.

At Russell & McDonald's, opposite the Iron church, Douglas street.

A 1

Sheffield razors (guaranteed), strops, shaving brushes, etc., the best variety in town, at Fox's, 78 Government street. Children's white fur boas, 35c.

Doll Carriages

At Russell & McDonald's.

VAST NAVAL VOTE

Forty Million Dollars Will Soon be Expended

BY GOVERNMENT OF GREAT BRITAIN

To Strengthen the Navy With New Battleships.

Six or Seven Big Fighting Vessels to be Constructed—Details Not Yet Arranged—Mr. Gladstone Opposed to the Scheme—Great Meeting of Unemployed in London.

London, Dec. 12.—The St. James' Gazette says the cabinet has decided to strengthen the navy, but the details are not yet settled. It is believed £8,000,000 ($40,000,000) will be expended in the construction of new ships. The programme, it is said, includes the building of six or seven battleships. The Gazette further says the concession was made to avert a cabinet crisis. Mr. Gladstone and others of the government are opposed to it.

Hardie and the Unemployed.

London, Dec. 12.—Thousands of unemployed men met at Tower Hill today and listened to an address by Hardie, the socialist member. He said he intended to move an adjournment of the house to-day to call the attention of parliament to the condition of the unemployed. Upon the conclusion of the speech making the crowd marched to Hyde Park. There was no disturbance.

Complaints Against Tariff.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 11.—Representatives of interests materially affected by the tariff bill have brought such pressure to bear upon their congressmen that some opposition may be expected not only from Republicans but from certain of the Democratic majority as well. Some of the Democrats assert openly that they will oppose the bill if concessions are not made to them, but as a rule the dissatisfaction is more implied than expressed. The wine makers of New York state are asking the ways and means committee to put them on the same footing with the California manufacturers. With the present law an exemption is made of the spirits which the Californians use to fortify their wines. The New Yorkers ask that this discrimination be removed and that the California producers either pay the tax or that the exemption apply to the eastern manufacturers as well.

An important amendment will be made to the custom house administration features of the Wilson bill. The language of the new tariff bill, as originally framed, was so ambiguous as to leave doubt whether it was the intention of the ways and means committee to legislate the present board of general appraisers out of office or not. It can be stated on authority that the language of the bill will be amended so as to make it clear that the present board of appraisers will be retained.

The French Anarchists

Paris, Dec. 12.—The search by the police will probably result in the expulsion from France of 30 foreigners, believed to be relatives of anarchists. Marchad, the husband of the mistress of Vaillant, has vanished. The police can find no trace of him. They discovered, however, Madame Marchad; she was arrested. Guesde, Socialist member of the chamber, to-day received an anonymous letter which threatened him with death. The letter says: "I will kill you like a dog the exact moment it suits me."

The police say Vaillant has made the following additional confession: "I waited for more than an hour before throwing the bomb in the hope that a favorable chance would present itself to cast it in the spot I had picked out. At length, thinking an opportune time had arrived, I arose from my seat in the gallery and hurled the box, aiming it at President Dupuy's table. As I did so a woman who was seated in front of me resented my leaning over and pushed me backward. I was thus prevented from throwing the bomb exactly as I intended. I did not intend to kill any one," Vaillant calmly replied, "but only to wound 150 or 200 deputies. I was especially anxious that Casimir-Perier should be among those injured by the explosion." Madame Gerard, landlady of the Hotel del Union, says that when Vaillant arrived at her house he brought with him only a small travelling bag.

Want a National Park.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 12.—Among the various communications and petitions presented to-day and referred was a petition from the chamber of commerce of the city of Seattle, Wash., praying for the establishment of a national park in that state.

There Was no Meeting.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—The gathering of unemployed at the lake front, announced for this morning, did not take place. The unfortunates had been fed and the majority are looking for work. A reserve force of 400 policemen was held at the stations for several hours ready for an emergency.

Spanish America.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 12.—It is reported here that Mello has seized the French merchant steamer Paranahyba, from Barrow, England, to this port.

—Buy Christmas and New Year Wines from the California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

THE ANARCHIST CAMPAIGN.

All Europe Agitated by the Latest Paris Outrage.

Paris, Dec. 11.—Among the versions told of the examination of Vaillant, one of the thirty persons arrested in connection with the bomb throwing into the chamber of deputies, is one to the effect that he laughingly told the examining magistrate that he "would like to have a fricasse of these d——d deputies."

"What harm have the deputies done you?" asked the magistrate.

Vaillant replied: "They have done no harm to me personally, but they are the sort of persons it is well to get rid of."

"And you did the deed without thinking that you have a wife and child?"

"My wife and daughter will do as well without me as with me," replied Vaillant.

In the senate to-day, M. Challemel-Lacour, president of the house, said that he was not able to pass in silence the outrage that had been committed in the chamber of deputies. The strongest terms were too feeble to express the horror the whole offence causes. He said he felt able to assure the government that he had the entire confidence of the senate, and all the members of that body applauded the courage, energy and promptness with which the ministry had adopted the resolutions necessary to ensure the repression of anarchist crimes and to extirpate the entire sect warring upon society and all notions of morality. The time has come to check the contagion of unprecedented moral leprosy. The government had undertaken a task that was sure to meet with the hearty approval in France of republicans of all shades of opinion. France must re-conquer her security. Not only the safety of individuals and of the state was at stake, but the very existence of the republic, future liberty and the nation's honor. M. Challemel-Lacour was greeted with cheer after cheer when he had finished his address.

Vaillant has chosen M. Albert Uremieux as his advocate. The trial will take place during the first fortnight in January. Three other men who have been arrested are kept in the cells. The police are looking for the men Raynal and Conflix, alias Gouffe, friends of Vaillant, who worked in the same place with Vaillant.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—The tone of to-day's editorial comment upon the explosion in the French chamber shows plainly the drift of political sentiment towards special legislation against the anarchists.

The Post says: "Anarchism has developed so greatly that the common law no longer suffices to protect the individual and society. No land or people is longer safe. International repressive measures are necessary. All adherents to anarchical ideas must be expelled and transported. The society of the nation will be able to defend itself effectively only when the whole civilized world shall close up its ranks against the enemy. Meantime the formation of a citizens' protective league might be tried."

The Tageblatt remarks that at last the French government seems to have been aroused from its indifference towards the anarchists.

The Vossische Zeitung says the government will now be justified in taking steps against those wild beasts that murder for the sake of murdering. The public also must help itself and establish vigilance committees according to American precedents.

In the Hungarian diet to-day the members expressed sympathy for those wounded by the bomb in the French chamber of deputies.

The government is disposed to take measures against anarchists who make their asylum in this country.

London, Dec. 11.—In the house of commons to-day Sir Frederick Dixon-Hartland, Conservative member for Uxbridge division of Westminster mfwy bg bridge division of Middlesex, asked whether, in view of the outrage in the French chamber of deputies, steps would be taken to search people admitted into the galleries of the house of commons. Right Hon. Mr. Asquith, the home secretary, said that the authorities of the house, together with the police, were satisfied that every precaution had been taken to guard against outrage.

Sir William Vernon-Harcourt, chancellor of the exchequer, gave notice of a motion expressing sympathy with the French chamber of deputies. The notice was greeted with cheers from all sides.

Right Hon. A. J. Balfour, leader of the opposition in the house, said that he concurred in the proposed motion.

Paris, Dec. 11.—After a day of great excitement following the explosion of the bomb in the chamber of deputies, the authorities announce that they have the bomb thrower in custody. The miscreant is named Vaillant. He is an anarchist, and has made full confession. He soon fell under suspicion of the authorities, and, pressed by the prefect of police, made a full confession, glorying in the dastardly crime. Among the persons questioned yesterday evening by the police was a man whose nose was almost blown off by the explosion of the bomb in the chamber. The suspect gave his name as Vaillant, and said he lived at Chosy Leroi. This man, who was attended by physicians summoned to the refreshment room of the chamber after the explosion, was taken to the Hotel Dieu after being examined by the prefect of police. At the hospital the suspect was carefully watched by four detectives, and it was noticed that he gave the name of Marchal. This confirmed suspicions already entertained, and several detectives immediately started out with instructions to spend the night in establishing the identity of Vaillant or Marchal. By morning the prefect of police was in possession of several police reports which made it clear that the man in the Hotel Dieu with his nose almost blown off was a dangerous anarchist named Vaillant, who was born at Mezieres.

Vaillant is 35. After passing several years in Buenos Ayres, he in 1887 returned to France and married, and now has two children. Vaillant, however, soon deserted his wife. Since 1884 he has been identified with the extremest branch of the socialists and with the regular anarchist groups. He has made himself prominent by the incendiary nature of his speeches, and eventually became a member of the committee of the revolutionary socialist group of the 18th arrondissement of Paris.

Early in the day M. Lepine, the prefect of police, the public prosecutor, and an examining magistrate, visited the Hotel Dieu and had a long interview with Vaillant, who at first protested his innocence and was quite indignant at the questions put to him. Finally the public prosecutor said: "Your name is Vaillant, and not Marchal, as you claimed when you came to the hospital." After a moment's hesitation the suspect admitted his identity and confessed that he had thrown the bomb. When a question as to the reason for attempting to take the lives of so many people had been put to Vaillant, he replied defiantly: "I wished to deal a thoroughly dramatic blow at the institutions of the country and wished to cause a great sensation. I endeavored to aim the bomb at M. Dupuy. I glory in the act, and only regret that my hand swerved and that the bomb did not explode near the mark."

Vaillant said the bomb he used was a little iron saucepan, which he bought at a bazaar near the Hotel de Ville. The saucepan contained when loaded, he said, a number of nails, which were found on the floor of the chamber. Inside the saucepan was a tube with a compressed centre. In the tube were picric acid and prussiate of soda, these being separated at the point where the tube was compressed by a small ball of cotton saturated with sulphuric acid, which at a given moment would be consumed by

Asthma Cured

By Schiffmann's Asthma Cure. No waiting for results. Its action is immediate, direct and certain. Price, 50 cents and $1, of druggists, and by mail. Free package to convince the most sceptical, free. Address Dr. R. Schiffman, St. Paul, Minn.

HAWAIIAN AFFAIRS.

The Queen Demands Armed Support Before Ascending the Throne.

Auckland, N. Z., Dec. 9.—The steamer Monowai has arrived here. She left Honolulu Nov. 24th. All was quiet there. The news that President Cleveland intended to restore the queen caused great excitement. It was discussed by excited knots of people on the streets and was generally condemned. A rumor was published in the Honolulu papers that the queen was not willing to accept restoration unless assured of the armed support of the United States.

The Hawaiian Gazette of Nov. 24th says: "In the meantime the monarchy is not restored and will not be, unless by the armed forces of the United States, whose forces must then continue to support the ex-queen. There may be small differences in the ranks of the party of reform, but we are to-day more united and determined on the main issue than ever before. Let every reformer put aside all other and minor things. As surely as there is eternal justice overruling the affairs of men, so surely will the gross outrage proposed to be done Hawaii fail of its purpose."

Honolulu, Nov. 19.—An interview with members of the provisional government this afternoon developed a determination to take nothing on trust until the United States government has been officially heard from. Meantime the troops will be kept fully armed and a reserve guard ready. Americans assert that no restoration shall take place. The provisional government expresses the opinion that the use of force would be equivalent to a declaration of war, and that should the United States restore the queen warships of that nation would be kept busy protecting her throne. If the theory of the restoration should prove true serious results would inevitably follow.

In conversation with an Associated Press reporter yesterday Minister Wills said he was confident legislation favorable to the Hawaiian islands would shortly take place in the United States. He thought the duty on sugar would be placed at 1 cent per pound, and that the bounty would be repealed. This would make a net difference of about $15 a ton to the Hawaiian planters under their present contracts, which allow the sugar trust a heavy rebate.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 11.—Minister Thurston, before leaving for Honolulu, told some friends that the provisional government has 1,100 men under arms ready to respond at the signal of a bell. This force will not be permitted to fire on United States marines if landed; neither will the provisional government lay down its arms and leave the government building upon request of Minister Willis, even after marines are landed. The provisional government will remain until its members are arrested and taken. It will resist any interference by any other than armed force of the United States with its military force in command. It is positively asserted that Thurston is going to Honolulu.

San Francisco, Dec. 10.—It is known positively here by the Associated Press that the plan of action as outlined by Minister Thurston to friends in Washington City before he left for Honolulu is identical with instructions forwarded to Honolulu Nov. 16th by the Warrimoo. Cleveland's policy regarding Hawaii was made public only a few days before the Warrimoo sailed. Thurston immediately sent a dispatch to Vancouver and had it forwarded by the Warrimoo to Honolulu, where it was delivered to the provisional government on the 23rd.

"When your heart is bad, and your head is bad, and you are bad clean through, what is needed?" asked a Sunday-school teacher of her class. "I know—Ayer's Sarsaparilla," spoke up a little girl, whose mother had recently been restored to health by that medicine.

GILLETT'S
PURE POWDERED 100%
LYE
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by All Grocers and Druggists.
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto

Notice of Dissolution.

The partnership heretofore existing between Malcolm Galbraith, John Reardon and Richard Maxwell, under the name of "Galbraith, Reardon & Maxwell," as loggers, at Burgoyne Bay, S. S. I., was on 8th December, 1893, dissolved by mutual consent. Richard Maxwell retires and Malcolm Galbraith and John Reardon continue the business, assuming all liabilities of the old firm.

Dated 11th December, 1893.

RICHARD MAXWELL.

dec11-d3tw1t

IN RIO BAY.

Preparations for a Great Battle—Admiral da Gama's Manifesto.

Washington, D.C., Dec. 11.—The navy department has received a cable despatch from Rio de Janeiro that indicates preparations by President Peixoto for a big battle between his forces and those of Admiral Mello. The despatch is from Captain Picking, commanding the U.S. naval forces at Rio, and in substance is as follows: "The Brazilian government has requested foreign consuls to warn vessels to move from their present anchorage, and has drawn a line within which it will be dangerous to venture. This will prevent the loading and unloading of cargoes."

Rio de Janeiro, Dec. 11.—The government has received a telegram from Desterro, stating that important events are expected there shortly. President Peixoto has dismissed Admiral Gonsalvos, commander of the Tiradentes and Bahia, now at Montevideo, because of doubts regarding his loyalty. General Saraiva has sent to Peixoto a telegram from Sorocaba, December 1, that he might hear news from there shortly.

Admiral da Gama, commanding the insurgent vessels in Rio harbor, has issued a manifesto to his fellow-countrymen, saying he openly joins the ranks of those fighting to free the country from militarism and a hybrid alliance with the influence of ecclesiasticism and will exert every effort to rescue the country from the anarchy and serfdom to which her present rulers have brought her and restore the government which in a moment of national stupefaction and surprise was overthrown November 15, 1889. The manifesto closes:

"Brazilians, victory is certain. Hasten it by bringing every possible moral influence to help our cause. I call on all the conservative classes of Brazil to cast off the intolerable yoke of slavery imposed by the militarism of 1889. I hope to fulfil my duty as a Brazilian, though the end be death. Let others do the same.

"SALIENHA DA GAMA."

The entire medical staff of the navy, which has hitherto maintained a neutral attitude, to-day joined Admiral da Gama at Euchadas island.

London, Dec. 11.—Sir Edward Grey, parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, stated that the latest advices from the British minister at Rio de Janeiro confirmed the statement that the Brazilian admiral da Gama had joined the insurgents. The report of the defeat of the government troops at Rio Grande do Sul had not been confirmed.

London, Dec. 11.—The London correspondent of the United Press telegraphs as follows: Advices from Rio de Janeiro dated Nov. 20th confirm the report that the Nitherohi was destroyed. Rio de Janeiro, it is said, was damaged less than reported. Admiral Mello, having respected the city, he was gaining sympathy in the different states. Forces were expected from the south to effect a landing in favor of Mello.

Peixoto's provincial forces, having been engaged at hazard and being without discipline, are committing acts of ruffianism and are entirely beyond the control of their commanders, in spite of an edict threatening them with severe punishment if found guilty of any pillage.

The inhabitants of Rio de Janeiro are under strict espionage and afraid to speak except in favor of Peixoto. The newspapers publish only favorable reports, though they know them to be untrue.

The foreign consuls experience difficulty in protecting their countrymen from being recruited. Provisions here command famine prices. Cargoes arriving in foreign ships are respected as long as they remain on board the ship. When discharged into the lighters they are captured by the insurgents' tugs.

Mr. Joseph Hemmerich

An old soldier, came out of the War greatly enfeebled by **Typhoid Fever**, and after being in various hospitals the doctors discharged him, as incurable with **Consumption**. He has been in poor health since, until he began to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Immediately his cough grew looser, night sweats ceased, and he regained good general health. He cordially recommends Hood's Sarsaparilla, especially to comrades in the G. A. R.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Habitual Constipation by restoring peristaltic action of the canal.

THE NORTHERN PACIFIC
Steamship Co'y.
In connection with
THE NORTHERN PACIFIC
RAILROAD COMPANY
The Shortest Route to
JAPAN and CHINA

Proposed Sailings of Steamers
1893-1894.
(Subject to alteration.)
WILL LEAVE TACOMA

Steamship Victoria	Dec. 14th
Steamship Tacoma	Jan. 17th
Steamship Mogul	Feb. 7th
Steamship Victoria	Feb. 28th
Steamship Tacoma	April 4th
Steamship Mogul	April 25th
Steamship Victoria	May 15th

Steamship Victoria, Captain Panton, will leave Tacoma on the 14th of December, at daylight, and will carry passengers and freight at current rates. For freight or passage apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & CO.,
General Agents, Victoria.
Or R. E. BLACKWOOD, General Agent N. P.R.R. Co., Victoria.

Argyle House

A Complete Stock of
Hosiery
In Our Well Known
Wear Well Brand.

Women's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.
Women's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose
Children's Plain Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Ribbed Black Cashmere Hose.
Children's Heavy Wool Hose in Black.
Boys' Heavy Wool Knickerbocker Hose, in Black—Cannot be beaten for wear.

Just received one more case of
Womens' Black Wool Hose, 25c. a pair.

A Big Lot of Remnants of Carpets 50 per cent. below wholesale prices.

Remnants of Dress Goods, Flannels, &c., very cheap.

J. Horner & Co.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made at the next session of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia for an act to incorporate a company to construct, equip, maintain and operate a line of railway from some point on the gulf of Georgia, in Delta Municipality, thence by the most feasible route to the city of New Westminster, with power to construct a branch line extending from some point in Delta Municipality in an easterly direction through the municipalities of Surrey, Langley and Matsqui to a point at or near Abbotsford.

Dated the 20th day of August, 1893.

BODWELL & IRVING,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

a29-tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting by James Wishart and George G. Meldrum for a ratification of the temporary transfer of a license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, situate on the corner of Douglas and Yates streets in the City of Victoria, from George Stelly to the said James Wishart and George G. Meldram granted to them by the said board at its last sittings.

And further take notice that an application will also be made to the said board for a transfer of the said license from George Stelly to James Wishart and George G. Meldram.

Dated this 9th day of October, A.D. 1893.

GEORGE STELLY,
JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

o9-1m

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given, pursuant to the provisions of "An Act respecting certain works constructed in or over Navigable Waters," chapter 92, Revised Statutes of Canada, 1886, that John Taylor, of Victoria, British Columbia, intends to apply to the Governor-General in Council, for his approval of certain works and improvements to be constructed, made and done by the said John Taylor in and about Rock Bay in the harbor of the said city of Victoria, B.C., and that in accordance with the provisions of the said Act, he has deposited plans of the proposed works and improvements and a description of the proposed site of the same, with the Minister of Public Works at Ottawa, and also with the Registrar-General of Titles at the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria in the said Province.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the said John Taylor.

Dated this 15th day of November, 1893.

n15-1m

Nicola Valley Railway Co'y.

NOTICE.

Sealed tenders will be received up to noon on Wednesday, the 10th January, 1894, addressed to the undersigned for the construction of this Company's Railway from Spence's Bridge to Nicola Lake.

Forms of tender can be obtained on application to the undersigned at the company's office, 161 Cordova street, Vancouver, and no tender will be considered unless made on such form.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

J. W. McFARLAND,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 4th, 1893. d7-td

NOTICE.

The undersigned having sold his interest in the firm of Yick Lung & Co. to Yee Hook, Dan Un and Hum Foo, will not be responsible for any debts of the firm, as they assume all liabilities. All accounts against the firm must be sent to Yee Lung & Co. before the 15th inst.

DI CHUE.

dec.7-1w.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Hanna & Taylor
Successors to Lockhart & Co.,
FUNERAL DIRECTORS AND EMBALMERS

PARLORS: 42 Broad St., Victoria, B.C.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890, notice is hereby given that Amos J. Hughitt, carrying on business at Genoa and the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia, under the name, style and firm of Hughitt and McIntyre, has by deed dated the 6th day of October, 1893, assigned all his real and personal property to Thomas Earle, of the City of Victoria, merchant, and Matthew Trotter Johnston, of the same place, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and assignees on this 6th day of October, 1893.

Dated 6th October, 1893.

THOMAS EARLE,
M. T. JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Oct6-tf

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to the "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act, 1890," notice is hereby given that John Johnston, carrying on business under the name and style of J. Johnston & Co., booksellers and stationers, at 77 Government Street, in the City of Victoria, has by deed dated the 1st day of December, 1893, granted and assigned all his real and personal property (except as therein mentioned) unto Walter Blake Smallfield of the said city, accountant, and George W. Haynes of the said city, real estate broker, in trust for the benefit of his creditors. The said deed was executed by the assignor and the assignees on the 1st day of December, 1893.

Dated this 1st day of December, 1893.

WALTER BLAKE SMALLFIELD,
GEORGE W. HAYNES,
Assignees.

Dec1

Assignment For Benefit of Creditors.

Amos J. Hughitt of Victoria and Genoa B. C., carrying on business under the name of Hughitt & McIntyre, having made an assignment to the undersigned for the benefit of his creditors, all persons having claims against the said assignor or against the firm of Hughitt & McIntyre are hereby required to send in their claims, duly verified, to Matthew Trotter Johnston, and persons indebted to the said assignor are required to pay their accounts to the undersigned.

THOS. EARLE,
MATTHEW TROTTER JOHNSTON,
Assignees.

Victoria, 9th October, 1893. o10-tf

In the Matter of the Estate of Ciacomo Bossi, late of the City of Victoria, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the above estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the first day of February, A.D. 1894, and notice is hereby also given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and that they will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim they shall not then have notice.

DRAKE, JACKSON & HELMCKEN,
Solicitors for the Executors, Rosa Bossi and Carlo Bossi.

Dated the 20th day of November, 1893.

n20-1m

FARM FOR SALE.

A FARM OF TWO HUNDRED ACRES ON West Saanich road, about eight miles from Victoria. Sixty acres good bottom land forty acres cleared, well ditched and fenced. Price $40 per acre; one-fourth cash, balance on time. Apply to GEORGE LINDSAY,
Third street Victoria.

FOR SALE.

The lease and furniture of about 50 finely furnished rooms in connection with a first class hotel, centrally located and clearing $250 per month above expenses. Every room occupied.

For further particulars apply to
WINNETT & COOPER,
18 Trounce Avenue.

n16-1m

FOR SALE.

The following desirable residence and grounds are offered for sale by private contract.

No. 204 Yates street, in the city of Victoria, better known and described as Lot No. 972, according to the official map of the city.

The house is situated on the north side of Yates street, and is built of brick with stone foundation, and is almost new and in first-class repair, with 10 rooms, bathroom and basement, stable and outbuildings; within ten minutes' walk of the P. O.

Apply to
JOHN HAGGERTY,
185 Yates Street.
ALAN S. DUMBLETON,
51 Langley street,
Victoria, B.C.

n18-1m

FOR SALE--CHEAP.

Lots on both sides of Hillside Avenue, cheap for cash at reduced prices, or on easy terms.

Also, House and four Lots on Fourth Street, between Hillside Avenue and King's Road; price low and terms easy.

Also, House and Lot, Third Street; small cash payment and easy terms.

HEISTERMAN & CO.,
75 Government St.

d4-2w

BY-LAW

NO. 213.

A By-Law to authorize the disposal of a certain portion of Oak Bay Avenue in exchange for contiguous land for the purpose of improving the said Oak Bay Avenue, being a public street situate within the City of Victoria.

WHEREAS it is deemed necessary and expedient for the purpose of improving Oak Bay Avenue, being a public street situate within the City of Victoria, to dispose of a portion thereof in exchange for contiguous land and to divert the said street.

And whereas the portion of Oak Bay Avenue aforesaid which it is proposed to dispose of, is so much thereof as lies to the south of a line drawn parallel with the northerly boundary line of Lot 2, Section 74 aforesaid, at a distance of 40 feet therefrom, and is bounded on the southwest by the northeast boundary line of Lot 1, Section 74, Victoria district; on the northwest by the southeast line of Cadboro Bay Road; on the northeast partly by the southern boundary of the said lot 2, and partly by a line drawn parallel to the northeast boundary of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, and distant from the said northeast boundary 40 feet; and on the south by a line drawn parallel with and in continuation of the south boundary line of Lots 1 and 31, Section 74 aforesaid, and the portion of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, which it is proposed to take in exchange is so much of the said Lot 2 as lies to the north of a line drawn parallel with the northern boundary of the said Lot at a distance of 40 feet therefrom.

And Whereas Thomas Sinclair Gore is the owner in fee of the said portion of Lot 2, Section 74, required for the improvement of Oak Bay Avenue as aforesaid, and it is proposed that he should convey the same to the Corporation of the City of Victoria, in exchange for the conveyance to him from the said City of Victoria of the said portion of Oak Bay avenue before described.

And whereas under and by virtue of sub-section (133) of section 104 of the "Municipal Act, 1892," the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria is authorized to make by-laws to dispose of a public street or highway, or any portion thereof, whenever deemed necessary, in exchange for adjacent or contiguous lands expropriated for the purpose of improving, widening, straightening or diverting any public street or highway, and to execute deeds for property so exchanged.

Therefore the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria enacts as follows:

Sec. 1. It shall be lawful for the Corporation to dispose of and convey to Thomas Sinclair Gore so much of the public street known as Oak Bay Avenue, commencing from its intersection with Cadboro Bay Road, as lies to the south of a line drawn parallel with the northern boundary line of Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, at a distance of 40 feet therefrom, which said portion of Oak Bay Avenue intended to be disposed of is bounded on the southwest by the northeast boundary line of Lot 1, Section 74; on the northwest by the Cadboro Bay road; on the northeast partly by the southern boundary of the said Lot 2, and partly by the aforesaid line drawn parallel to the north boundary line of said Lot 2; and on the south by a line drawn in continuation of and parallel with the southern boundary lines of lots 1 and 31, Section 74 aforesaid.

Section 2. So much of the said Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District as lies to the north of the said line drawn parallel to the northerly boundary line of the said lot and distant therefrom 40 feet, is hereby expropriated for the purpose of improving Oak Bay Avenue, a public street within the City of Victoria.

Section 3. It shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria to accept in exchange for so much of Oak Bay Avenue as is described in and by Section 1 of this by-law, a conveyance from Thomas Sinclair Gore of so much of said Lot 2, Section 74, Victoria District, as is described in and by Section 2 of this by-law.

Section 4. That for the purpose of effecting the said exchange it shall be lawful for the Corporation of the City of Victoria, by the Mayor, to execute a conveyance to the said Thomas Sinclair Gore of the said portions of Oak Bay Avenue mentioned in clause 1, upon the receipt of a proper conveyance from the said Thomas Sinclair Gore to the said Corporation of the said portion of Lot 2, Section 74, before mentioned.

Section 5. This by-law shall be known as "The Oak Bay Avenue Exchange By-Law."

Passed the Municipal Council the 27th November, 1893.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council the 1st day of December, 1893.

ROBERT BEAVEN,
Mayor.
(L. S.)
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria, on the 1st day of December, A.D. 1893, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that any one desirous of applying to have such by-law, or any section thereof, quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard in that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

Aluminum Alloy Composite
HAS GIVEN ENTIRE SATISFACTION TO
Iron, Steel and Brass Founders

2 1-2 per cent. added to mixtures of cheap, low-grade metals gives 50 per cent. increased strength, makes hard metal soft, sound, and non crystalising, prevents blowholes and sponginess.

Aluminum Alloy unites copper with iron and lead, with iron and copper, heretofore considered an impossibility.

Price, $5 per 100-pound box, $35 per barrel of 700 pounds, or $80 per ton.

Book containing government official report of tests made at Rock Island arsenal, and other indisputable testimonials from foundrymen, sent free upon application.

The Hatsfield Furnace and Refining Co., Newport, Ky.

GREAT SUCCESS
of the new Tailor System of Deep Cutting. Cuts on all the latest lines. Half price for a few weeks only. Dresses and mantles cut and fitted.
REMOVED TO 98 YATES ST.,
Over Cochrane & Munn's.

ded-1mo

S. P. SMITH, of Towanda, Pa., whose constitution was completely broken down, is cured by Ayer's Sarsaparilla. He writes:

"For eight years, I was, most of the time, a great sufferer from constipation, kidney trouble, and indigestion, so that my constitution seemed to be completely broken down. I was induced to try Ayer's Sarsaparilla, and took nearly seven bottles, with such excellent results that my stomach, bowels, and kidneys are in perfect condition, and, in all their functions, as regular as clock-work. At the time I began taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, my weight was only 129 pounds; I now can weigh 159 pounds, and was never in so good health. If you could see me before and after using, you would want me for a traveling advertisement. I believe this preparation of Sarsaparilla to be the best in the market to-day."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Cures others, will cure you

Real Estate.

200 ACRES, SPLENDID OPENING FOR ....Hop Ranch; price $16,000; terms easy.
142 ACRES, WITH HALF MILE OF WA....ter front and about 700 cords of wood ....cut, and about 10,000 cords to cut; good ....terms; $65 per acre.
100 ACRES, WITH 250 FRUIT TREES ....planted; $1000; good terms.
250 ACRES, THREE-FOURTHS MILE ....fine water front, good land, partly ....cleared; good house and stables; splen....did location for fishing and shooting and ....boating; low price and good terms, or ....exchange partly for cash and city pro....perty.
80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH ....house and stable, close to railway sta....tion; a good chicken and fruit farm; ....cheap.
10 ACRE BLOCKS, GOOD LEVEL LAND, ...close to Saanichton railway station; ....$1000 and $1500, according to position; ....very easy terms and low interest to ....parties buying to improve.
2 LOTS, 50x120 each, good land and close ....to good stream of water; $300.

A. WILLIAMS,

5 Store Street, Opposite Railway Station

Dissolution of Partnership.

The partnership existing since 1889 between Di Chu, Yee Pook, Dap Um and Ham Foo, under the firm name of Yick Lung & Co., has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Di Chu retiring. The firm will not be responsible for any bills contracted by Di Chu after this date. Bills of all goods heretofore purchased by Di Chu must be presented before December 1st, 1893.

YEE POOK.
DAP UM.
HAM FOO.
(Yick Lung & Co., 34 Fisgard St.)
Victoria, November 16, 1893. n16-1m

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as wood and coal dealers, general teaming, etc., under the name and style of Perry & Graham, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, Allan Graham retiring from the business which will be continued by Joseph Perry, who will collect all accounts due the partnership and discharge all the liabilities of the same.

Dated at Victoria, the 20th day of November, A.D. 1893.

JOSEPH PERRY.
ALLAN GRAHAM.

n29-2w

Dissolution of Partnership.

NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Clarence Henry King and William John Ewing, carrying on business under the firm name of King & Ewing, at 51 Wharf street, Victoria, B.C., has been this day dissolved by mutual consent. W. J. Ewing retiring from the firm. The business of the late firm will be carried on by Clarence H. King, by whom all liabilities will be paid and to whom all debts due to the late firm are to be paid.

Dated December 1, 1893.

(Signed) W. J. EWING.
(Signed) C. H. KING

LOST OR FAILING MANHOOD,

General and Nervous Debility,

Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Organs and Parts of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment—benefits in a day. Testimonials from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Write them. Descriptive book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N.Y.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" soap wrappers (wrapper bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Old Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your house. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c postage to send to the wrappers. If you leave the ends open Write your address carefully.

Treasure Trove.

A STORY IN TWO PARTS.

PART I.

In the year 1716 two events occurred to make it a memorable year. The rebellion or rising, as it was termed, in Scotland, had taken place the previous year, and despite the precautions of ministers and the arrest and imprisonment of many of the suspected leaders, the conspiracy continued to slowly grow in strength until at last, in the month of October, the Earl of Derwentwater, in company with several gentlemen of position, raised the Pretender's standard in the North of England. As the results of this unfortunate rising, both in England and Scotland, it is not necessary to speak. Suffice it to say, after a lingering struggle the rebellion was totally extinguished in the following year.

The second event to which we have alluded was the remarkably severe winter of 1715, which, commencing in the end of November, continued with unabated severity until the second week of the following February. In London a fair was held on the Thames, above the bridge, and there were booths and shows and various standings for different trades and for the accommodation of sightseers who came to witness the motley crowd, and the mountebanks performing on the platforms of the shows, while on a huge wide spread earth-covered platform an ox was roasted whole at an immense fire. Our story commences in the early part of February of this year, and the scene thereof is an ancient house near the Thames, some few miles below London.

The frost had shown signs of breaking during the last week and the ice upon the river was becoming loosened although still unnavigable. Some two years before a newly married couple, of the name of Seymour, had taken up their residence here. The house was one of those old red brick tiled buildings, whose architects had evidently studied comfort more than beauty in their erection. The sturdy stacks of chimneys, the heavily framed windows and doors, the former with latticed panes, the latter massive and heavy to stand a siege, and many such are probably still to be found here and there scattered around and about England.

Mr. Seymour was of an old English family. He had early inherited the somewhat impoverished estates—but undiminished loyalty of his forefathers. It was, however, his lot, while serving in the army on the continent, to fall in with certain English gentlemen belonging to the court of James III, as he was styled by his adherents, and had been introduced by them to the court of St. Germain. The kind manner of his reception there, and the state of royalty affected by the Pretender did not fail to make a favorable impression on Mr. Seymour, and when on the death of Anne the Jacobite party tried to create a reaction in favor of the Stuarts, he felt himself impelled by the very loyalty of his heart to aid the cause of James, an Englishman by birth and legitimate heir to the last British king. That opportunity, however, passed by without any active measures being taken by the Jacobites and George I was proclaimed without any serious opposition. On his marriage, Mr. Seymour, laying aside all political cares, settled himself quietly in this riverside retreat, and in the society of his loving and beloved wife, and the management of his affairs, had almost forgotten the vexed question of the day, when the Pretender's ill-advised expedition aroused the slumbering embers of discontent in his mind. With growing anxiety he watched the progress of events, until he felt himself bound by his mistaken feelings of loyalty to the dethroned Stuarts to assist by every means in his power the Pretender's cause. Leaving, therefore, his young wife and peaceful fireside, Mr. Seymour joined the rebels in the fall of the year. The story of that mournful episode in English history has been full often told; disaster after disaster pursued the rebels, until their numbers, lessened by disaffection and mutual jealousies, their leaders either captured, fugitive or slain, despair seized upon them and they scattered hither and thither to seek refuge wherever they might hope to find it, happy if they could find the means of crossing the sea and find safety on the shores of their country's most constant enemy.

Mr. Seymour was unfortunately taken prisoner, and having been committed to the Tower, had been hastily tried and condemned to suffer the ignominious death of a malefactor. His wife, almost broken-hearted, had in vain appealed for mercy, first to the judges and then to the Queen, who promised to use her influence to obtain either a pardon or some mitigation of the sentence. But George felt his crown to be somewhat insecure and deeming such examples of severity necessary for the tranquility of his so lately acquired dominions, he resolutely refused to interfere with the course of justice. And now, as poor Mistress Seymour sat on one wintry evening at the casement, she again and again laid down the work she had taken up to distract her thoughts somewhat from the agonizing strain of terror, hope and fear. Bending her head again and again closer to the casement, now hoping, now dreading the coming of some messenger from that dread Tower where lay her husband; for on the previous day, having permission so to do, she had visited her husband, and although much affected by the interview, a glimpse of hope had appeared to her, even in that dark abode. Whilst pressing her to his breast her husband whispered some words in her ear which caused a thrill of joy to flush her pale cheek, though, but for an instant, for the hope conveyed in that whisper seemed all too bright to prove true. The watchful jailer, who had not left the room, allowed the prisoner little time for explanation, but while again embracing his wife, he slipped into her bosom a piece of folded paper, and then bidding her trust in God for mercy, and not to mourn overmuch, but to pray for help and consolation, they parted. On examining the paper later on poor Mrs. Seymour found but little for her newly risen hope to feed upon. Fear of the note falling into the other hands had caused the writer to use an almost enigmatical brevity. The contents were as follows: "Do not despair; we may meet ere you think it; be ready for news." May meet! Oh! that this uncertainty were past! Had not the kind priest, who endeavored to cheer her whilst awaiting admission to Seymour's cell, had he not bidden her look forward to a happier meeting than that she had so longed for and yet so dreaded, lest it should be the last they might have in this world. Did he not say, "Daughter lay not this heavy trouble too closely to your heart; look beyond this terrible present unto the peaceful future where there would be neither parting, suffering nor tears." Yet, it was a meeting here, the word must mean; or why was she to be ready for news, and surely some good news must be meant. Thus did her wearied mind ponder over the matter, as seated by her maid, in a cumbrous coach she returned sadly home. And now, after another sleepless night, she had been busily engaged all the day, arranging her household affairs, expecting, she knew not what, yet feeling the necessity for preparation of some kind or other, although the possibility of Mr. Seymour's escape seemed almost impossible when she remembered the soldiers and jailer, the stone walls and the iron-plated doors which she had passed so recently. Yet what else could he mean. And had she not read of wonderful escapes before? "Oh! God! grant that my dear husband may be spared to me," she murmured sinking on her knees in the window recess at which she had been seated, and as she gazed with uplifted hands into the star-gemmed vault of heaven, a feeling of calm came over her, as if her prayer was heard and answered. At this moment her maid came into her room with a tray of refreshments and besought of her mistress to partake of some food. To please her kind attendant rather than to satisfy her appetite, Mrs. Seymour managed to take a few mouthfuls and then resumed her seat at the window. The room was square and lofty, being about 15 feet in length and breadth; the door was at the side furthest from the street, on to which looked two tall windows with heavy frames and low sills, beneath each of which was a fixed seat forming a kind of locker. One of these Mr. Seymour used as a receptacle for her work basket, and other odds and ends. The dark oak paneling, together with heavy straight backed chairs, and massive sideboard and table, seemed to lend a gloom to the apartment, which was not lessened by several smoke-dimmed oil paintings, mostly portraits, in heavy carved oak frames. A spinnet stood between the windows and beside it hung a violin, silent mementoes of happier days. No wonder that the poor young wife looked through fresh rising tears as the fire light danced upon the walls, bringing back to her memories of happy days. No wonder that she turned away her gaze from those instruments, whose long silence did but the more sadly recall many a time in the long ago when her poor imprisoned husband would with her awake such pleasant melodies, and as with a sigh she resumed her work her thoughts went forth to that gloomy fortress prison again. But why does she start so suddenly? Hist! did she not hear a something at the casement? Again. Ah! 'Tis a pebble thrown up carefully. An instant and with beating heart she has flown to the window and opening a lattice she leans out. It is a dark night but clear, and although no light is near she can discern a cloaked figure below. Another moment and with a gasp of joyous surprise she recognizes her husband, as he removes his hat for an instant, and then with a gesture of caution to her he begins to clamber up the heavy carved portal. Flying to the room door she turned the key, and then in another moment her husband leaped into the room and was in her arms.

"Not an instant is to be lost, dearest. The hounds of the law are after me and will surely seek me here; but for a short time they have been led by a false scent. The servants must not know I am here; but get some gold and what jewels you can quickly collect and then, dear, we will fly together."

"Can I not go with you? See here; I have already some gold," showing him a number of pieces in his work basket and a small casket. "I had been thinking these might be wanted if I could only bribe the jailer, but now all that is over, thank God."

"No, dear, it will be safest for me to slip out first, and then you follow in an hour with your maid. She we can trust, I am sure. Wrap up well and bring that satchel of papers you will find in my desk, also whatever valuables you can hastily collect. Then meet me at the Watergate, where I will, if possible, have a boat in readiness. My friend who has managed my escape promised to meet me there; indeed, he only left me a few minutes ago. Nay, dear," seeing she hesitated at parting with him again, "we must hasten or the pursuers may be here. You will not be suspected when alone, and with Margaret's help all can be managed."

Hastily drinking a glass of wine from the tray which still stood on the table, he took a few of the pieces of gold; then kissing his wife, and bidding her be of good heart, for all would be well, he opened the casement, and looking carefully out to see that no one was near, quickly descended by the same means that he had clambered up. Less than half an hour had elapsed when the noise of horse's feet galloping along the road came to her ears, and she and Margaret, the maid, hastily made their preparations. Hastily snatching up a package she had prepared, and bidding Margaret take some wraps and a small vallse, they hurried downstairs, and Mrs. Seymour, telling one of the servants that she was going to pass the night with a friend, bade the man light them across the garden to a door at the farther end, saying that was nearer to the place whereto they were going. The garden was extensive, and as they made their way through the holly-dedged alleys Mrs. Seymour could hear the distant sounds of knocking at the house. But soon they emerged into a by-lane, and telling the man to inform the other servants that she would be away for a short time, but would expect the household to be in readiness for her return, they hastened away. They made for the river side, and in a brief space found Mr. Seymour and his friend. A stout boat had been procured with two watermen, who had been induced by the promise of a liberal reward to row them down the river. In a few minutes all were embarked, and despite the masses of ice which still partially blocked the river, they succeeded in reaching the ship that was to bear them to a foreign port. The vessel had been kept in constant readiness. The anchor was at once weighed, and before daylight they were far on their way to the open sea, and after a short voyage succeeded in escaping the numerous cruisers by which the narrow seas were guarded and reached their destination in safety.

PART II.

The year 1798 was a most eventful one, both at home and abroad. The Irish rebellion had deluged that unhappy country in the blood of many of her bravest and best ere it could be quelled, and the long-continued wars had so drained the national resources that great scarcity was felt, and the so-called war prices rendered even the necessaries of life difficult of attainment. It was under these circumstances that we return to the scene of our story.

The old house had seen many changes. Long after the former proprietor's successful escape the house had been held in the possession of the myrmidons of the law, in the expectation that some of its former denizens might return to claim the many valuables left therein. But as months grew into years that expectation proved vain, and at last, the house being stripped of all moveable, the place was left for a lengthy period to the rats and bats, for Mr. Seymour having secured it on a long lease the ground landlord did not interfere. No wonder, then, when by-and-by a shrewd individual contrived by some hook or crook best known to himself to obtain a lodgment in the then dilapidated building, and having quietly resided therein for a while, and assuming possession to be as many points of the law as the case required, made various necessary repairs and then let the roomy old house to several families, who were glad to find comfortable quarters at a moderate rent. Among the various tenants at the time of which we are now writing there was a family named Evans, consisting of husband and wife and three children. They occupied the greater part of the first floor, namely the two front and one back room. Evans had been many years in the employment of a shipbuilding firm, and from his steadiness and sobriety, as well as his skill as a workman, had gained the approbation of his employers. He now held the position of foreman in the shipyard and was in receipt of good wages. If we, therefore, enter at once into the room where so many years before Mrs. Seymour had sat awaiting she knew not what, and whence her husband had flown after his hasty visit whilst escaping from his prison—if we now look therein we should perhaps not observe any great change in its appearance, except that the ancient furniture had been replaced by other articles of more modern make, and the old pictures had given place to some framed prints and specimens of needlework. Mrs. Evans had managed to restore much of that air of comfort which had for so long a time given place to gloom and dirt. The polished wainscot shone cheerfully in the firelight, and as we, with the story-teller's privilege, once again enter the room, we are inclined to think that a season of better times had come to the old house. But, leaving Mrs. Evans' pleasant room and ascending the wide stairs to the second floor, we are shocked at beholding the progress that decay had made. The hand rails of the staircase had been nearly all broken, and even the bannisters, although supported on balustrades of solid oak, were broken here and there. The stairs, too, were chipped, dented and worn, as though heavy articles had been recklessly dragged up and down. But if the stairs were the worse for wear and tear, what is to be said of the upper rooms to which they gave access? All here bore evidence of the violence of the elements and of man's still ruder usage. Indeed, all that the present receiver of rents—for we cannot justly style him landlord—had done was to board up the windows and patch up the roofs, so that the inhabited part of the house should not suffer from the wind and rain. But no attempt had been made to restore the floor into habitable order. Not that it was without inhabitants, for one of the occupants of the ground floor had fitted up one of the rooms as a pigeon house and some dozens of them were continually hovering around the roof and chimneys. Another tenant had a colony of rabbits in an adjoining room, whilst others were used for the storage of firewood and general lumber. But we must leave particularizing the progress of decay in the old house to return to Evans' apartments, where the head of the family, having returned from his day's labors, is seated by the fireside, whilst his wife, bustling about the room, prepares the evening meal. Evans had not been long seated before, despite his endeavors to assume an appearance of cheerfulness, his wife saw that something was wrong. The children's prattle seemed to annoy him, and when little Tommy, the youngest, striding across his father's outstretched foot, began to "geegee," the foot did not as usual rise equal to the occasion, but was allowed to hang heavily, much to the young rider's disappointment. "Come, Tommy," said his mother, "come to me." And then placing him in a tiny chair with a stool before it for a table, his attention was soon occupied with some bread and milk. Then bidding the other children take their seats she quickly attended to their wants, after which, drawing her own chair to the table, she said, "Now, James, dear, tea is ready," at which, rousing himself from his abstraction and taking his seat said, "Polly, I'm in a mess, and puzzled what to do."

"Why, what's the matter; is anything wrong at the yard?"

"No, no; all is straight enough as far as I know there, but it is that Bentley, who is so often in trouble. He got me the other day to be joint security with two others of his mates to be joint security for twenty guineas, and as they were both steady, and the sum was not great, I consented as a matter of course, for you know Bentley has always been ready to do a good turn to any one, although he is such a careless, thoughtless fellow. Well, now, here's Tom Philphot, one of the two, has taken it into his head to go soldiering because of a quarrel with his sweetheart, and Dawson, the other, has been discharged for offending one of the young masters, and he's off to Bristol to try the shipyards there."

"But, James, dear, why should that make you uneasy? No doubt Bentley will pay. When is the money due?"

"In three weeks' time half must be paid, the remainder in another month. But I have not told you the worst part of it, for this morning I missed Bentley, and on inquiry I found he had gone to London to make the purchases for which he borrowed the money—some clothes and other things for his sister-in-law, the widow, I believe—when who should I meet just now before I came in but Bentley, who has got into a scrape at the very time when he should have been most careful. In short the money is gone, and he won't be able to make it up, as he must pay for his sister-in-law's things, which the shopkeeper let him have on trust, knowing him. His pocket must have been picked whilst crossing the bridge, where there was a great crowd, he supposes. At all events I see pretty clearly that I shall have to pay the money, whatever he may do bye-and bye."

Truly it was an annoying thing, and not without much inconvenience, to have to pay such a sum, for although a careful couple, yet the Evans could not in these times of high prices put much by, and should they indeed have to pay the amount all their little savings would be swallowed up. After talking the matter over until a late hour, without much comfort resulting, they retired to bed with hearts somewhat burdened, not, however, before they had committed their trouble to God in prayer, for they had both been brought up in their youth to look unto their creator with reverence and love. On the morrow Mrs. Evans, having sent the elder children to school, shut little Tommy in the front room with his toys and namesake Tom, the cat, for Master Tommy, when left at liberty, was prone to clamber the stairs, where the company of the rabbits and the pigeons did not improve his personal appearance. But now, his field for adventure being limited, he, like a sensible hero, adapted himself to circumstances, and for a while amused himself by trying to harness the cat to his toy cart. Pussy, however, persisted in rolling himself over and over, cart and all. Tommy got tired of that game, so letting puss go he prepared to make game of him in another sense by shooting at him with a pop-gun. Pussy stood a few shots with remarkable complacency, but a pellet at last hitting a tender spot, off started the game round the room until the partly opened windows inviting escape, out he jumped and disappeared, to Tommy's indignation. This source of amusement being exhausted, Tommy sought for fresh excitement in a spider hunt, some few of which, having escaped the careful eye of his mother, had spread their silken traps in out-of-the-way corners whilst looking after their small game. Tommy poked the rammer of his pop-gun into a cranny of one of the window seats, and letting it go it fell out of sight. This was a drop too much in Tommy's little bucket of disappointment, so setting up a roar presently his mother came to him, and as the easiest means of pacifying him she endeavored to find the toy. Whilst thus engaged she fancied the seat was loosened, and pushing it up found that it was on hinges. The locker thus disclosed was empty, with the exception of an old dust-covered work-basket. But imagine her astonishment and Tommy's delight when, upon lifting the remnants of the mouse-nibbled needlework it contained, she found a small box beneath, and therein several articles of jewelry, a small bag of guineas, of the reign of William and Anne, and a bunch of keys. And now our story is done for it scarcely need be said that when Mr. Evans quietly endeavored to find some clue to the legitimate owner of the treasure his endeavors met with the success he deserved, namely, none at all, for he was, in the absence of any lawful owner, obliged to retain that which he had found, being happily ignorant of mercurial or seignorial rights. The jewels were presently sold for a goodly sum, and with the proceeds of the money they purchased a house not far from the old mansion, and in after years no more welcome story was listened to by their children than that of the Old House and the Treasure Trove.

Catarrh in the Head

Is undoubtedly a disease of the blood, and as such only a reliable blood purifier can effect a perfect and permanent cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best blood purifier, and it has cured many very severe cases of catarrh. Catarrh oftentimes leads to consumption. Take Hood's Sarsaparilla before it is too late.

HOOD'S PILLS do not purge, pain or gripe but act promptly, easily and efficiently 25c.

Appealing to the most critical tastes MASTIFF PLUG CUT has become the standard smoking tobacco, even in competition with long established brands of recognized merit.

J. R. PAGE TOBACCO CO., Richmond, Va., and Montreal.

Test

The truthfulness of the following announcement:

No reasonable offer will be refused for the

Entire Stock and Fixtures

OF THE

Palace Cigar Divan

110 GOVERNMENT ST.

If unable to dispose of same en bloc, every article will be RETAILED at such PRICES that will prove THIS SALE to be bonafide.

For particulars call on

D. HART,
"STORE TO RENT." 110 Govt. St. Victoria, B.C.

Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited (Foreign).

Registered the 13th Day of November, 1893.

CERTIFICATE OF REGISTRATION.

This is to certify that I have this day registered the "Canada Settlers' Loan and Trust Company, Limited," (Foreign) under the Companies' Act, Part IV, Registration of Foreign companies and the Companies' Act Amendment Act, 1889."

The objects for which the company is established are:—

A. To carry on the business of a Loan and Trust Company in all its branches.

B. To lend money for any term to any person, partnership, corporation or association.

C. To purchase, take, or lease, or in exchange, hire, or otherwise acquire, any real or personal property rights or privileges which the company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business, and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds.

D. To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association, or company, possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this company, or carry on any business which this company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conviently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the company, calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of this company.

E. To purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company in the United Kingdom, or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits, to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this company in specie.

F. To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the company and for the purpose of securing the same and interest or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures of debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments.

G. To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the company, whether acquired in the course of its business as mortgagees or otherwise upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration, any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company.

H. To pay out of the funds of the company, all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the company to parliament for any extension of the company's powers.

I. To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership, or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world.

J. To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The amount of the capital stock of the said company is five hundred thousand pounds sterling divided into fifty thousand shares of ten pounds each.

The place of business of the said company is located at the city of Victoria, Province of British Columbia.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto set my hand and affixed my seal of office, the 13th day of November, 1893, at the City of Victoria, in the Province of British Columbia.

(Signed) C. J. LEGGATT,
N18 Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

I hereby give notice that I intend to apply at the sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners to be held in next March for the transfer from myself to Horatio White, of the license now held by me to sell wines, spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the "Omineca Saloon," Government street, in the city of Victoria.

M. J. CONLIN.

Dec. 6th, 1893. dd7-30t

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wine and beer, in the Balmoral Restaurant, on Douglas street, situated between View and Fort streets.

F. W. GARLAND.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 14. n14-td

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that we intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria, at its next sitting, for the transfer to William Joseph Phillips of the license now held by us for the sale of liquors by retail upon the premises known as the American Hotel, situate upon Yates Street in the said city of Victoria.

Dated this 8th day of November, 1893.

ROBERT DUDGEON,
HARRY BRIGE.

Nov6-1m

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as Duck's Building, situate on Lots numbers 159 A and 160 A, Block 2, Broad Street, in the City of Victoria, B. C.

Dated at Victoria 10th November, 1893.

n10 M. C. BROWN.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria for a renewal of the license held by me to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors in the Hotel Victoria, corner of Government and Johnson streets, Victoria, B.C.

Victoria, Nov. 10, 1893. P. T. PATTON. td

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at the next sitting, to be held on Wednesday; the 13th day of December, 1893, for a renewal of the license granted to me for the sale of wine, spirits, beer and other fermented and intoxicating liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Jamion Hotel, situate upon the west side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 10th day of November, 1893.

n10-13d JOHN TURNER.

NOTICE.

Municipal Act, 1892.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the City of Victoria, for a renewal of my license to sell wines, beer and spirituous liquors by retail in the premises known as "The Wilson" Hotel, situate on Lot 421 Yates street, in the City of Victoria.

Dated at Victoria, 8th November, 1893.

WILLIAM KELDAY TULLOCH.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Co., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., of Albany, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 183; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

THOMAS HOOPER,
ARCHITECT.
Office over SPENCER'S ARCADE, Government street. jy5-tf

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. fe30tf

MUSICAL.

BANJO and Guitar Instructions by Chicago's popular banjoist, Mr. T. W. Reamer, Five Sister Block. n4

FRANK BOURNE (25 years experience). The leading Piano Tuner and Repairer. Send post card or call at 134 Fort St. (Six years resident.) Terms moderate. oct

E. G. WICKENS, Professor of Music, from the Royal Academy and Guild Hall Schools of Music, London, Eng., is prepared to receive Pupils for Violin, Viola, Cello, Piano and Clarinet, &c.; also, Harmony and Counterpoint. Terms moderate. Address, 71 View St., near Catholic Ch. fe28-3m

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 76 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice, Violins, Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 28, N.E. corner of Five Sisters Block, Fort street. o10-tf

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets.
Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

S. DOHERTY, GENERAL SCAVENGER.
Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. ST. GEORGE'S SOCIETY.
Meetings are held at 7.30 p.m., on the first Friday in every month, at the Pioneer Hall, Broad Street. The aims of the Society are the bringing together of Englishmen for their mutual benefit and the maintenance of the British Connection. JNO. J. AUSTIN, Secretary.
ja13

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 6755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fe13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
ja16 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy28 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 120, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street, sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON,
jy29 Z.

FAR WEST LODGE, No. 4,
Regular convention every Friday evening at Knights of Pythias Hall, Broad street. Sojourning Knights are cordially invited to attend. E. PEMBERTON,
K. of R. & S.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
R. C. SMITH Secretary.

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L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

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PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 126

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PHYSICIANS.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block, Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

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ARCHITECT,
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The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c
New Main Springs, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months. Practical experience of over 25 years.

JOSEPH SEARS,
Painter, Glazier, Paper Hanger
Dealer in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, Glass, Etc.
114 Yates Street.

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN)
Removed to larger premises, at 10 Blanchard corner of Rae Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flummerfelt, Gorge Road.

AMUSEMENTS.

Y. L. I.
Charity Concert
—IN THE—
INSTITUTE HALL,
VIEW STREET,
Thursday, December 14.
Commencing at 8 o'clock p.m.
For the Benefit of the Poor and Needy
Admission 50 cents. Doors open at 7:30 p.m.
d11-4t

FIRST GRAND CONCERT
—IN THE—
Metropolitan Methodist Church
PANDORA AVENUE.
Wednesday, Dec. 13, 1893
The Choir will be augmented to forty voices
PROGRAMME.
PART I.
1. Organ solo, "Poet and Peasant"...Suppe
Mr. George Pauline.
2. Cont. solo and chorus, "Hark! Hark! My Soul"...Shelley
Metropolitan Choir.
3. Double quartette, "Only Waiting"...Blackstock
By Members of the Choir.
4. Duet, "Maying"...A. M. Smith
Mrs. Dennis Harris, Mr. W. E. Buck.
5. Chorus, "The Heavens are Telling"...Hadyn
Metropolitan Choir.
Trio by Miss O'Neil, Mr. Parfitt, Mr. Bishop.
6. Overture, "The Contest."...Herold
Metropolitan Orchestra.
7. Solo, "The Valley of Shadows"...Barri
Mr. W. Edgar Buck.
(Violin obligato, Mr. E. Wolff.)
(Piano, organ and choral accompaniment.)
PART II.
1. Trio, "Break, Break, Break"...Anderton
Mrs. Dennis Harris, Miss Bertha Jameson, Mr. A. Aspland.
2. Part song, "Rhine-Raft-Song."...Pinsutti
Metropolitan Choir.
3. Solo, "Wonders of the Deep"...W. H. Jude
Mr. J. G. Brown.
4. Duo, "The Moon Hath Raised Her Lamp."...Benedict
Mr. A. Aspland, Mr. W. E. Buck.
5. Double quartette, "Sweet and Low."...Barnby
By Members of the Choir.
6. Violin solo, "Elegie."...H. Ernst
Mr. Ernest Wolff.
7. Trio, "Gipsies' Lauguing Song."...Glover
Mrs. Dennis Harris, Miss Jameson, and Mr. W. E. Buck
8. Part song, "A spring song."...Pinsutti
Metropolitan Choir.
God Save the Queen.
Accompanists, Mrs. Drury and Mr. Pauline.
Musical Director, Mr. W. Edgar Buck.
To commence at 8 p.m. sharp.
Tickets, 50 cents.

Knights of Pythias Ball
will be held on
FRIDAY, 29th DECEMBER,
at
ASSEMBLY HALL, FORT ST.
TICKETS, $3.00
which can be obtained from the following committee: E. Pferdner, F. M. Cryderman, P. J. Hall, Geo. E. Moss, Chas. L. Cole, J. J. Randolph, W. P. Smith, Geo. Watson, J. M. Hughes, T. Watson, A. A. Aaronson, C. Bloomquist; also from Watson & Hall, J. R. Kerr, C. E. Jones, Dean & Cryderman, Jamieson's bookstore, Cavin Bros. and H. Waller. dec.7-td

ANNUAL SALE OF WORK
AND HIGH TEA
will be held on
WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 13, AT 2 P.M.
by
The Ladies' Aid of First Presbyterian Church,
In the schoolroom, Blanchard street. Admission 10c. Afternoon tea, 10c. High tea from 6 to 8 p.m., 25c. Dec. 7-td

FOR SALE
6 Lots--2 Corners
ONE ACRE
The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.
THREE LOTS
Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.
J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

Why Worry?
Your temper with ill-fitting spectacles or eyeglasses, or your eyes with glasses wholly unsuitable? If in need of glasses consult us. Never mind the price, we can suit you within your means.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS,
37 Fort Street.

Drums, Guns, Pistols, Cannons,
Daggers, swords and air rifles, kid dolls, flannel dolls, hair stuffed dolls, talking dolls, crying dolls, laughing dolls, and dolls, rocking horses, hobby horses, platform horses, wooden horses and velocipedes, doll carriages, express wagons, wheelbarrows and every description of toys and fancy goods for Xmas presents known at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas street.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A No. 1 white cook for first-class hotel. Address immediately, P. O. box 90, City. d11-3t

ANY ONE with push who makes less than $50 a week is not up to the times. Our solicitors earn from $10 to $25 a day taking orders for "SHEPP'S WORLD'S FAIR PHOTOGRAPHED;" only official fair book authorized by the Exposition management; over 500 oblong pages 9x11 in.; 250 full page copyrighted photographs sold at the fair at 50 cents each, or $128 for the collection, which we are enabled to sell in one large volume under our concession at $3.25 to $10, according to binding. Canadian agents doing tremendous business. Holiday bonanza. Books on time. Freight paid. Big inducements to any one with push. Terms free. Address Globe Bible Publishing Co., 358 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill., or Philadelphia, Pa. dec.7-10t

WANTED—Good, Live, Active Representative in this city and vicinity, to take agency for our Koaline Fuel Saver and Fumigator. A reliable article. Good profit. Factories, hotels and families use this compound. Address with stamp THE KOALINE FUEL CO., Windsor, Ont. n22-3m

AGENTS make $5 a day. Greatest kitchen utensil ever invented. Retails 35cts. 2 to 6 sold in every house. Sample, postage paid, 5cts. Forshee & McMakin, Cincinnati, O. wed-26t-d14

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Steam Schooner "Mischief." Apply W. WALKER, 68 Yates St. d10-6t

FOR SALE—A few thoroughbred Berkshire pigs for breeding purposes. Write for prices. J. D. Bryant, Young P. O., B. C. n10-3m-d&w

TO LET.

TO LET—Good bedrooms with general sitting room and fire, adjoining Government Buildings, 63 Superior street, James Bay. d11

TO LET—Good Bedrooms, with general sitting room and fire, adjoining Government Buildings, 63 Superior St., James Bay. 9tf

TO LET—Two well-lighted flats, one 30/65, and one of 7 rooms. Apply to L. LEWIS, 46 Yates St., city. d7-1m

ONLY TWO LEFT of those cosy cottages; 1 four rooms, $5; 1 five rooms, bath, grates, etc., $10, including water. Apply to Mrs. P. Wilson, grocer, 185 Douglas street. N2-1m

TO LET—From 21st October instant, the "Albion House," 61 Government Street. For terms and particulars apply to 52 Langley Street, Victoria. Oct2-tf

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—In First Presbyterian Sunday-school, or between there and Baptist church, a ladies' gold watch and chain. Finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. d11-3t

MISCELLANEOUS

DRESS AND MANTLE MAKING in the latest styles and perfect fit guaranteed. Miss Scott, 56 Pandora street. n22-1m

B. VAN VOLKENBURGH,
BUTCHER AND PACKER,
72 Yates street. Oc.17

The Daily Times.

THE FOES OF SOCIETY.

European anarchists seem to be inviting a war of extermination, for they can scarcely fail to see that their diabolical schemes must force society to retaliate. The explosion of destructive bombs in theatres and houses of parliament exposes to danger not only the representatives of authority but hosts of common people. When the murderers do away with a public man or two they cause a sensation and evoke the horror of the multitude; but if a few lives of ordinary citizens are sacrificed by their fiendish work they will have called forth a feeling more dangerous to themselves. The anarchists are no doubt more or less crazy, but their madness cannot well excuse their conduct in the eyes of those whose friends and relatives become its victims. The fiends have declared a war of extermination on society, and it is only right that society should protect itself by the means most easily reached. That means would seem to be much the same as men use for the extermination of vermin; the anarchists will simply have to be hunted to their holes and killed. The governments of the countries where their inexcusable outrages are committed will, in all likelihood, combine to effect this result, and nobody but the anarchists themselves will be found to say that they are not justified in adopting the severest methods of freeing society from such monstrous foes. The man who throws a bomb into a crowd has ceased to be a man and deserves no better treatment than a common rat.

THE WAY OF THE LORDS.

The members of the majority in the House of Lords may be honestly cherishing the idea that by their present course they are benefitting themselves, their order and their political party; but the chances are that if they live a few years longer they will find out their mistake. Their latest exploit is the mutilation of the employers' liability bill, which was sent up from the House of Commons a few days ago. Into this bill they introduced an amendment allowing employees to "contract out," which is a short way of saying that to concerns wherein the employers should come to an arrangement among themselves the provisions of the bill would not apply. The effect of such an amendment should be reasonably plain to all persons who choose to think a moment, even if they have never witnessed a practical demonstration. Under its shelter all employers would be able to say to their employees: "You must contract out of the act or no longer be employees of ours." It is not at all likely that all employers of labor would exercise this privilege, but there are many unscrupulous enough to do so and to take care that their employees should get a very poor substitute for the protection which the bill was intended to give. Manifestly the amendment would "hamstring" the bill, as one correspondent puts it, and therefore the government could not for a moment think of accepting it, even if they were not so directly pledged to the labor unions and labor representatives in parliament to reject it. The Lords must have known all this, and therefore they knew that they were but taking a roundabout way of killing the bill. If they had any idea that they were deceiving the workingmen by their ruse they will be apt to have their error corrected in no very gentle way. They have only to keep on playing into the government's hands in this fashion to make a Liberal victory certain beyond peradventure at the next general election. In behalf of the amendment which the Lords have tacked on to the bill it is urged that in one or two instances employers have actually better arrangements for compensation with their employers than the act would give them. It would be a hardship to these men to have their arrangements broken up, as they would be, of course, in the absence of a "contracting out" clause. But these employees are after all only a small proportion of the workingmen of the United Kingdom, and it would be a pity to deprive all the others of the benefits of the act on their account. It is a case where the principle of "the greatest good to the greatest number" must apply.

Toronto Globe: It used to be a pretty safe prediction in this country that the government would gain a bye-election. In the general elections of 1887 and 1891 the Dominion government lost heavily, but in each case it repaired a large part of the loss in bye-elections, and converted a slim majority into a safe one. To a less extent the same feature was observable in bye-elections for the legislature. Winnipeg set at naught all the calculations (of the politicians by going over from the government to the opposition. North Bruce and East Lambton have not gone over to the opposition, for the opposition were not in the fight, at least openly, in the latter, and its candidate was beaten in the former. But these two constituencies have taken an equally new departure in Canadian politics by striking out a course for themselves. These events and the defections from the ranks of the supporters of the government at Ottawa seem to be evidences of the coming of a new order of things in politics. Party lines are becoming less distinct, party feeling is losing its power. Names and personalities do not influence the electors as they once did. People are thinking, not perhaps with absolute independence of authority, but outside of party lines. There is no use in quarrelling with this tendency, and certainly the quarrel could not be carried on in the name of Liberalism, the very base of which is liberty of thought, speech and action.

A fact is pointed out by the Winnipeg Tribune which adds to the significance of the recent Winnipeg election. "When the voters' list was revised something over a year ago by the late Judge Ardagh," says the Tribune, "the Liberals practically allowed the revision to go by default, while on the other hand the Conservatives boasted that they added 900 votes to the list. It was largely on the strength of this great addition of votes that betting men in the Conservative party put up money on the result. They could not see how a majority of 1400 could be entirely wiped out, and so they confidently expected to win. In the face of this fact the verdict was indeed striking and testified to a sweeping revulsion of feeling in the minds of Conservatives. In contemplating the result, therefore, it should be borne in mind that it was a majority of 1400 and not 500 that was turned into a minority of 425. If the revulsion of feeling in the province is anything like what it has been shown to be in Winnipeg, and we have reason to believe it is greater, then the government may look out for squalls when the general election comes around."

The Ottawa Journal, which has in the past been inclined to sympathize with the opposition in the Ontario legislature, takes this view of the recent bye-elections: "Some Conservative papers are crowing over the Ontario elections in East Lambton and North Bruce, as a blow to the Mowat government. That may be; but no reason is apparent for Conservative satisfaction otherwise. In Lambton the Conservatives were not strong enough to venture a candidate, and had to vote for an ex-Liberal. In Bruce, where an Independent triumphed, the Conservative vote was reduced precisely as much as the Liberal vote. The two elections may show weakness in the Mowat case; they show a similar weakness in the Meredith case."

Peru and Ecuador propose to improve on the usual South American diversion by engaging in an international war over their boundary dispute. Such a conflict would hardly take rank with the great wars of history, for neither of the two republics can boast of any great strength. There would seem to be little doubt as to the issue, for although Peru has not yet recovered from her severe punishment by Chile, she must be very much stronger than little Ecuador. It is quite possible that if these two exhaust themselves by a struggle such as they contemplate, aggressive Chile will step in and gobble up both. The world at large will take but little interest in any warlike operations of Peru and Ecuador.

Hobby Horses
At Russell & McDonald's.

Marine

H. M. S. Royal Arthur will be back from Vancouver on Friday. She will commence coaling immediately, and will leave on Tuesday for the south.

Collier Wellington passed up to Nanaimo last night.

R. M. S. Empress of China sailed last night for Japan and China. She had on board 250 Chinese passengers and the usual amount of freight.

Magic Lanterns
At Russell & McDonald's.

LETTER FROM WINNIPEG.

The Very Bracing Air of the Prairie City.

ARCHBISHOP TACHE AND MR. MARTIN

The McCarthy Movement to Suppress the French Language—Price of Wheat—Prosperity of the Farmers—A Good Advertisement for a Hotel.

Winnipeg, Dec. 5.—Thinking that a few lines from the metropolis of the Canadian northwest might interest your readers, I take the liberty of sending these. I see that you have had a fall of snow in Victoria but here we have not only experienced heavy snowfalls but also extremely cold weather. It is unusual even in Manitoba to have so much snow and such cold weather in November as we have had this season. People here are of the opinion that they are to have an exceedingly long and severe winter and I must say weather as we are having now, if it is to last for four or five months longer, is not a pleasant prospect to look forward to. I certainly envy you in Victoria, even if you have a few inches of snow, and I will not be sorry when I am once more in British Columbia. The coldest months of the year in Manitoba are January and February, and these, thank fortune, I intend to spend in British Columbia. The air here is very bracing (too much so sometimes) and depression of spirits is almost unknown. In this respect, perhaps, Manitoba is ahead of British Columbia, but I think I could stand a little depression to avoid the cold. We have already had it 20 degrees below zero in Winnipeg and when it reaches 40, and they say 50 degrees, it must be almost unbearable. I find that residents generally dread the cold of winter and many of them are in the habit of sojourning in warmer climates during that season. I tell them they should go to British Columbia, the evergreen province of the Dominion, and I think some of them will follow my advice.

It was hot enough, however, in Winnipeg during the late Dominion election and both Liberals and Conservatives worked as we are not accustomed to see it done in Victoria. The result of the election you have already learned. The return of Mr. Martin by so large a majority was a genuine surprise for Liberals and Conservatives alike, and it is agreed on both sides and admitted by leading men that it was nothing more nor less than a decided protest on the part of the people against the tariff. Whether the government will profit by the lesson remains to be seen. Archbishop Tache is publishing in the Free Press a series of articles on the separate school question and in them he hits Mr. Martin very hard. He accuses him of a direct breach of faith and of having broken a solemn promise given in public that the Greenway government, of which he was a member, would not abolish separate schools. Archbishop Tache claims that through that promise Mr. Martin succeeded in becoming Attorney-General, and on taking office at once proceeded to break his word. The question now is how will Mr. Martin get along with the French followers of Mr. Laurier. The Liberals claim that the Quebec members care very little about the school question and that it will have no effect upon their reception of Mr. Martin. It is said by them that the church alone is keeping the question alive. This is probably true but whether the Roman Catholic clergy can make it uncomfortable for Mr. Martin remains to be seen.

It is difficult to understand Mr. Dalton McCarthy's object in preaching the abolition of the dual language by the Federal government. There is no doubt the doing away with French in the proceedings of parliament and the publication of public documents would save a great deal of time and money, but it is doubtful even if Canada declared in favor of it whether England would consent to break her treaty obligations with France.

Does Dalton McCarthy expect to be able to extinguish the two great parties in the country and in their place to array English against French members? This is the only way he can ever expect to do away with the French language in the House of Commons and Senate. If that ever takes place good-by to Confederation.

Business in Winnipeg is dull just now. Everybody is complaining of hard times and the chief burden of complaint is the low price of wheat. It is held by many that the average yield of wheat throughout the Northwest was only about 13 bushels to the acre. This combined with the low price of 45 cents per bushel does not give the farmers a chance to make any profit. The quality of the wheat, it is conceded, never was better and there are those who say the reported small yield is a cry raised by buyers to keep down prices. One would think it would have a contrary effect. The truth is, however, that the wheat area is constantly increasing throughout the world in greater proportion than the population, and that unless we have a great war or heavy failures of crops wheat is not likely to go up in price. Farmers in Manitoba are told to go into mixed farming, and undoubtedly the advice is good, but the farmers continue to confine themselves to wheat growing. Bitter experience will teach them their error. The agricultural implement dealers and their mode of doing business with farmers is another complaint. It appears that they have the farming community generally bound down by mortgages and cast iron agreements, but on the other hand the farmers are too apt to purchase costly machinery when offered to them without considering their ability to pay and this is the chief cause of the trouble. If the agricultural implement dealers did not protect themselves they would be left out in the cold.

Mixed farming, a lower tariff, and cheaper freight rates, are the three elements of salvation for this northwest. The country itself is all right.

Winnipeg is a wonderful city with its 11 lines of railway centering here, and it seems to me it is only now on the threshold of its greatness. Since 1890 it has been steadily increasing in population and wealth, and the evil effect of the boom in 1882-'83 is now a thing of the past.

Almost every day the arrival of British Columbians is noted in the papers, and a hint to those coming this way may be of service. There are several good hotels in the city, the Manitoba, Leland and Clarendon being the principal houses. The latter, to my way of thinking, will prove most acceptable to British Columbians who like luxury and home comforts combined. The Clarendon is without exception one of the most comfortable hotels I ever stayed in and I have travelled a good deal in Canada and the United States. The manager, Mr. J. T. Karch was in charge of the dining car service on the C. P. R. before taking over the Clarendon and therefore he is a man of wide experience in his line of business. The hotel is four stories high and contains 142 rooms with elevator to each floor. The dining room is handsomely decorated and the very picture of neatness and comfort. The waiters are young girls, each one dressed in uniform, which has a very attractive effect. The Manitoba and Leland are both magnificent hotels.

I came this way over the Northern Pacific and cannot speak too highly of the comfort and elegance of their cars and the civility of their employees. It was simply a trip of pleasure the whole way and Victoria friends will not regret it I can assure them if they go east over the Northern Pacific. I expect to return over the Canadian Pacific and will be better able to speak of its advantages when I reach home.

Before I leave I will have the pleasure of sending you another letter giving you a few sketches of "winter life" in Winnipeg.

ALEX. BEGG.

"CABINETS" $4 per doz.
"CORONAS" $5 per doz.
The newest and most beautiful style of photo. Soft, delicate and artistic.
These prices are for Xmas trade.
Skene Lowe, Photo, 63 Gov't St.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Marcellus Crombie, aged 63, head of the well-known legal firm of Crombie, Worrell & Gwynes, of Toronto, died from a sudden attack of pneumonia. He was a Past Master of Ionic Masonic lodge and for many years treasurer of the County Orange lodge.

The privy council has decided to recommend his excellency that the law take its course in the case of Lackey, the New Bliss murderer.

The governor-general will attend the Toronto board of trade banquet after all. His first refusal created great dissatisfaction.

Charles Sangster, the well-known Canadian poet, died at Kingston on Saturday. He was born in Kingston 71 years ago, and in 1849 became editor of the Amherstburg Courier, subsequent to which he joined the press of Kingston. His reputation as a poet was considerable, and his writings as a whole were well received.

Chief Justice McDonald of Nova Scotia has sailed from New York for Jamaica, accompanied by his son, James A. McDonald, barrister. It is understood the chief justice is on an important mission on behalf of the Imperial and Dominion governments.

MINISTER BOWELL HOME.

Pleased With the Result of His Mission to Australia.

Hon. Mackenzie Bowell, minister of trade and commerce, returned this morning from his Australian mission on the steamship Arawa after an absence of three months. He went to the Australian colonies as Canada's representative to confer with the different governments with a view of entering trade agreements and reducing tariffs, to build up business between the two countries by the new steamship line. A Times man met the minister on the deck of the Arawa. He did not have very much to say for publication. "My trip was a very successful one," said he, "when you consider the colonial trade laws. They are greatly at variance, but there is a general disposition to foster trade between the two countries, and there is no doubt the result will be highly satisfactory. On the way up the Arawa was held a day at Honolulu, and on the morning of Monday, Dec. 4th, I met the business people of the city. They take a wonderful amount of interest in the line, it being the only competing one. They have already been good patrons of it and show a disposition to do anything that will aid in opening a new market to them. The next step in the consideration of this matter will be the assembling of delegates from the colonies at Ottawa next summer. The question would have received earlier consideration, but the elections are on."

Mr. Bowell was joined here by his son, Collector Bowell of Vancouver, and went to Vancouver on the steamship. He will proceed east immediately.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

THE TURF.

ROYAL HORSE FLESH.

Chicago, Dec. 12.—Directum, the king of trotters, started from here yesterday to winter at Pleasanton, Cal. Directum's companions on the trip are Flying Jib, the famous pacer Allx, Little Albert and several lesser lights.

PERSONAL.

L. Gulchon, of Port Gulchon, is at the Driard.

W. A. Wadhams, of Point Roberts, is at the Oriental.

E. McG. Van Houten came down from Nanaimo on the noon train.

L. Cunningham, of White Plains, N. Y., and J. E. Small, of Tacoma, are at the Driard.

H. C. Hoyle, M. P., of Australia, and Dr. V. J. Capron, of Honolulu, who came over on the Arawa, are at the Oriental.

J. A. Fullerton, of the C.P.R., Vancouver, came down on the Empress of China last night and returned on the Arawa today.

Rev. W. D. Barber leaves on Thursday morning for Vancouver. He preaches in St. Paul's Church, Vancouver, on Friday.

Toy Furniture
At Russell & McDonald's.

---We Carry the choicest Wines in the market, California Wine Co., Ltd., 55 and 57 Broad street.

The Novelty This Xmas

Is that line of imported decorated Toilet Bottles and Atomizers in the windows of

Cochrane & Munn,

Prescription Druggists, Cor. Yates and Douglas Sts.

See our display.

SHORT LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine English table cutlery at Fox's

—Best and cheapest organs, 47 Fort street.

—Bowes' Bronchial Balsam Cures Coughs. 27 Johnson.

—Ladies, Hinde's curling pins at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—The board of licensing commissioners meets Wednesday afternoon at 2.30.

—The Mitchell incest case will be heard in the police court to-day at 2 o'clock.

—Wonderful goods for the money at Weiler Bros', from all the best markets.

—Xmas presents now on view at Weiler Bros'. Look out for special catalogue.

—Lamp shades have arrived at Weiler Bros'., and are being marked to-day; very cheap.

—A fine line of Sheffield carvers in cases just opened at Fox's, 78 Government street.

—Capt. Hunter, late of the collier Al-Ki, is in charge of the Umatilla, which is due from San Francisco to-night.

—The Victoria Rugby football team announce a smoking concert to be held at the Clarence on Saturday evening.

—The Paragon Oil Co. complain that they have to pay more duty on the Paragon oil than on Pratt's Astral oil, because the Paragon oil is a much finer test and quality.

—Under her new time card the City of Kingston reduces the time between Victoria and Portland seven hours. Passengers leaving this city at 7.30 in the morning reach Portland at 9.45 p.m. the same day.

—Thomas Hooper's plans for the A.O. U.W. building have been accepted by the building committee. The plans call for a two story brick building with a stone front on the lot adjoining the steam laundry on Yates street.

—Resolved, that there is more happiness in single than in married life," was the subject of debate at the meeting of the Literary association of the First Presbyterian church, held last evening. The debate was a lively one.

—H. M. S. Satellite has been commissioned for the Pacific station to relieve the Garnet. The Satellite is a sister ship to the Hyacinthe. She was on this station some time ago. She has received a thorough overhauling in England.

—Fourteen promising young violinists, members of the best families in Vancouver, have formed themselves into an orchestra there under the leadership of F. Victor Austin, their teacher. They will give their first monthly recital on the 28th inst. They are said to play with much ability.

—The half yearly examinations of the public schools will be held as follows, commencing on the 19th inst: Rock Bay and Victoria West schools Tuesday; James Bay and Girls' Central schools Wednesday; Hillside and Boys' Central schools Thursday; Spring Ridge and High schools on Friday. The ward school examinations will be held in the morning.

—Fifty men are at work on the new marine railway at Esquimalt. Temporary ways have been built, on which are being constructed the sections of the railway that are to be placed under water. The first section will be launched in a few days. In the meanwhile men are at work making a bed for the railway and clearing the channel leading to it. A lot of rock has to be blasted.

—New Westminster has long been noted for its many talented musicians. The old Choral Union that accomplished so much excellent work under the baton of Bishop Sillitoe has been reorganized for operatic work, and is called the New Westminster Operatic Society, and is now tackling Gilbert & Sullivan's masterpiece "H. M. S. Pinafore" with a vim that promises great results. At the fourth rehearsal they went through the piece without a blunder or a hitch. There was a chorus of 60 or 70 and an orchestra of 27 pieces. F. Victor Austin is conductor of the society, and is delighted with the progress made.

—Herbert Kent of this city is to be manager of the subscription concerts to be given at an early date in Victoria and Vancouver. Mr. Kent will take full charge of the arrangements here and on the mainland. Subscription lists have been opened at Waitt's, Hibben's and Jamieson's. Mr. Austin, the originator of the concerts, has been fortunate enough to secure the services of O. G. Evan-Thomas, of Vancouver, late with the Carl Rosa opera company. Miss Agnes Dawson, R.A.M., London, England, will be another of the artists. Miss Dawson has taken Miss Boddington's class here, and in future will live in Victoria.

—Compare American pianos, 47 Fort street.

—Buy the best—an American piano at 47 Fort street.

—Best American pianos, 47 Fort street.

—The Chenille curtains have arrived at Weiler Bros.'

—Candle shades, lamp shades, frames for lamp shades, etc., at Weiler Bros.'

—If you want an inexpensive but pretty Xmas gift for your friend call at Weiler Bros.'

—An adjourned meeting of the Thunder Hill mining company will be held this evening.

—Mr. Drury, who made a photographical survey of the Kootenay country, is preparing his report.

—Rev. W. D. Barber will lecture in St. John's school room during the second week of January, not to-morrow evening as stated.

—The Young Men's Institute last night held a very interesting debate on "How to Advertise Victoria." Many good ideas were offered.

—Rooms 3 and 4, market hall, will be the polling places for school trustees this year. Ald. McKillican will move this in council, and it is not expected that there will be opposition.

—Four Chinese overcrowding cases will be tried in the police court some time this week. Health Inspector Murray has been on the hunt for several nights for Chinese overcrowders.

—Ald. Harris will move for returns of the cost of electric light in Victoria at the next meeting of the city council. There is a rumor that the lighting of the city is costing too much.

—The court of revision of the voters' list met this morning in the council chamber of the city hall. There were 20 applications for additions of names to the list. Six were put on the list.

—The managing committee of the James Bay Athletic association will hold an important business meeting this evening at the club house. All members of the committee are requested to be present punctually at 8 o'clock, when business will be commenced.

—The promenade concert held by the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Y. M. C. A. last evening was well patronized. The fair was continued to-day, a lunch being served from 12 till 2, and the sale of work being continued in the afternoon. This evening the "mystery" entertainment takes place.

—The Royal Templars of Temperance will hold an open meeting this evening at 8 in Wallace hall, Broad street. All friends are invited and a special invitation is extended to sealers and sailors. A good programme has been arranged, together with games and an exhibition of curios. Refreshments will be served during the evening. Admission will be free.

—Ald. Harris is of the opinion that a man should have a vote at the civic elections whether he has paid his taxes or not. The municipal act at present debars a delinquent. Ald. Harris will move at the next meeting of the council to amend the act. He will introduce a resolution asking the city's representatives to take action in the legislative assembly.

—In the police court Emily Peterson, Hydah, klootchman, and Big Hat, west coast, were each fined $5 and costs for being drunk. Andrew Robertson, white, had a bottle of whiskey in his pocket in the Indian reserve; fined $50. Alternative, two months. Ah Loy, theft of wood from the E. & N. railway, three months at hard labor. Loy has been in jail, on and off, for the past eleven years.

—The committee appointed by the meeting held in the board of trade rooms to draft a platform for the ensuing civic elections held their second meeting yesterday afternoon. They spent a great deal of time arranging a platform, which is now about completed. It deals with almost every subject of interest to the ratepayers, including sewers, water, streets, fire, light and finances. One of the clauses, it is understood, stipulates that the city by-laws be carried out and not allowed to become dead letters. The committee will hold another meeting to ratify the platform, after which it will be presented to the ratepayers. After it has been accepted by those present at the meeting, candidates, pledged to the platform, will be chosen.

—Burglars broke into Saunders' restaurant, 171 Government street, last night or early this morning. They opened the back door with skeleton keys, and left it standing wide open when they departed. A case of coal oil, 15 or 20 dozen of fresh eggs, a number of beef steaks, several pounds of butter, half a dozen buckets, and the clothing of the Chinese cook comprised the booty. Mr. Saunders sleeps in a room above the restaurant and heard nothing. A small terrier in the restaurant failed to make noise enough to awaken any one. This is the second time Mr. Saunders has been favored with a visit from the Victoria burgling society, and he wants to know what the police are going to do about it, as it is becoming a trifle monotonous.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.

Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum

Used ... Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

NO CHANGE IN HAWAII.

Provisional Government Has Fortified the Government House.

MASS MEETING FOR ANNEXATION

Any Action Toward Restoration Will be Made an Act of War—Warning From American Business Men to Their Government—Arawa Here.

The big steamship Arawa, which replaced the damaged Miowera on the Canadian-Australian line, arrived in port this morning. She hove in sight between the Race and Bentik island at daylight and at 9 o'clock was tied up at the outer wharf. She came in in charge of Capt. Babbington, pilot. She left Sydney on Nov. 18th, called at Fiji, was held over a day at Honolulu, and as she came up at a speed of 12 1-2 knots was delayed in getting here. She came from Honolulu in seven days and a half.

The political situation at Honolulu is practically unchanged, although the annexationists and Royalists have by no means rested on their oars since the last reports were received. The castle or government house as it is now called has been barricaded and protected by breastworks and sand bags. This was done by the provisional government during the week preceding the sailing of the Arawa. On Monday, Dec. 4th, as the vessel steamed out of the harbor, the troops could be seen from the deck of the ship extending the work which is to make government house a fort. The evident intention of the government is to make any attempt on the part of the United States at restoration an act of war. On the night of Dec. 24th a mass meeting of annexationists attended by 1,000 people was held. The tenor of the speeches and the resolutions were in favor of an appeal to the congress of the United States and the public sentiment of that nation over the action of Secretary Gresham. On Dec. 2nd a sort of protest or warning signed by all the leading subjects of Uncle Sam in Honolulu was presented to Minister Willis. In it he, President Cleveland, Secretary Gresham, Secretary Herbert and Admiral Irwin are notified that the United States will be held to answer for any loss of life or property caused by any precipitate action taken by them. Queen Lil has published a denial of the statement that she called on Minister Willis for aid and was referred to the provisional government. F. W. Wundenberg, clerk of the circuit court, was suspended on Nov. 30th, and is to be impeached or otherwise punished for the statements made by him to Commissioner Blount. The annexationist press is bitter in denunciation of him. The arrival of H. M. S. Champion gave rise to the rumor that Cleveland and England had agreed on a joint protectorate similar to the one over Samoa, in which Germany also forms a party. The Royalists continue to set days for the restoration, the last fixed being the day after the departure of the Arawa. Minister Willis has not spoken publicly since the Star interview, and it is said he is awaiting instructions on the next San Francisco boat. A secret military organization called the American League has been organized under charter or authority of the provisional government. It has pass words and its members are pledged to secure and aid in every possible way annexation to the United States. Its strength is not known. The officers of the Arawa did not regard the situation as being at all critical. Capt. Stewart said the city was as quiet as Victoria. Dr. Victor Capron, a coffee planter, formerly of Port Townsend, who is returning for a few days' visit, was a passenger from Honolulu. He is of the opinion that annexation is gaining ground. Minister Bowell declined to discuss the political situation in Honolulu, saying that he had refrained from doing so all through his trip.

Among the passengers on the Arawa was Billy Emerson, the old-time minstrel. He is returning from Australia to California. J. W. Butcher, an old-time Pacific coast newspaper man, late of Sydney, is going to San Francisco as the representative of the Pacific Coast Coal Co.

After all the steamship Miowera will probably come to Victoria to dock. Strange to relate she was damaged very slightly, her stern post only being injured. She is being temporarily repaired at Honolulu and will either come to Esquimalt or go to Sydney to receive the new post, which is being made for her in England. The officers on the Arawa believe she will come to Victoria.

H. M. S. Champion reached Honolulu on Nov. 21st. The Champion sailed from Esquimalt on Nov. 6th. Just after leaving port a sailor, Michael Butler, met with an accident that crushed both of his legs. One leg was amputated and the man lingered until the morning of the 21st, when he expired, just as the vessel came to anchor. The Champion was to have sailed for the south seas on Dec. 3rd. On the voyage from Esquimalt the engines of the Champion were given a trial for 24 hours, the result being very satisfactory. In four hours, going at full speed, she made 49.75 miles, or 12.44 knots an hour. A 10 1-2 knot rate was maintained during the remaining 20 hours.

Capt. Whiting, U. S. N., and Miss Afong were to have been married the day after the Arawa sailed from Honolulu.

The Arawa brought a total of 750 tons of freight and 40 passengers. She finished discharging at noon and was away for Vancouver about 1 o'clock. She is probably the largest ship which ever docked at the outer wharf. She is a four-masted single screw steamer of 5,000 tons and speed to 15 knots, but does not run at that speed continuously. She is an elegantly-appointed ship with large, splendidly furnished saloons and rooms.

Notice of Sale.

Until the 23rd instant we shall sell the whole of our immense stock of toys and fancy goods at 25 per cent. below cost. Russell & McDonald, 134 Douglas street.

—Dont forget we have the largest and choicest stock of Wines in the city. California Wine Co., Lt1., 55 and 57 Broad street.

Old Silverware

We haven't any. Ours is new. The newest and most beautiful patterns. Not a piece of it has been in stock over three months, and remember we have the largest stock of small things at small cost to suit the times. Pennock & Lowe, the jewelers, 63 Government street.

Express Wagons

At Russell & McDonald's.

Have You Discovered

That Partridge is really giving up the millinery department? If not, for prices just see his window, 86 Yates street. Felt hats, 10 and 25 cents. A fine fur-trimmed hat for 50 cents. Be in time and have first choice.

Esquimalt Fortifications.

Shortly after the first of January work will be commenced on the Esquimalt fortifications by the Royal Engineers. The former owner of the Belmont farm has will be commenced on the Esquimalt forts purchase have been signed and delivered. This is being carried on in the quieter possible manner. There are some 200 acres in the farm, which is situated near the mouth of the Esquimalt lagoon, just behind the lighthouse. On the farm near the water is a rock which stands 100 feet above high water. On this rock the principal fort is to be built. This will be the first portion of the work to be constructed. A good fort built on this rock would command the entrance to both Victoria and Esquimalt harbors, making them almost impregnable. Work on the submarine forts will probably be left until spring.

Atlantic Steamship Agency

CHEAP RATES

To or From all European and Foreign Ports

LIST OF ATLANTIC SAILINGS.

(From Halifax.)

Allan Line, Numidian	Dec. 23
Allan Line, Laurentian	Jan. 6
Dominion Line, Labrador	Dec. 16
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Dec. 30

(From New York.)

Cunard Line, Etruria	Dec. 16
Cunard Line, Campania	Dec. 23
White Star Line, Teutonic	Dec. 20
White Star Line, Adriatic	Dec. 27
American Line, New York	Dec. 13
American Line, Paris	Dec. 20
N. Ger. Lloyd, Havel	Dec. 19
Anchor, Ethiopia	Dec. 16
Red Star, Waesland	Dec. 20
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Dec. 21

For cheap rates and all other information apply to

GEO L. COURTNEY, General Agent.

THE STANLEY HOUSE

GENERAL DRY GOODS 55, 57, 59 DOUGLAS ST., COR. OF FORT ST.

For Bargains

In all Departments of

DRY GOODS, MANTLES, MILLINERY,

Etc., Etc.

...GIVE US A CALL...

Our prices are always as low as the lowest, and we still stand by our reputation. We only ask intending purchasers to compare our goods and prices with anything in the city.

W. S. HAMPSON & CO

ESTABLISHED 1862. NO. 43 GOVERNMENT ST.

CHEAPER THAN EVER

The Largest Stock!
The Best Quality!
The Lowest Prices!
AT

C. E. REDFERN'S,

In Sterling Silver Table and Toilet Services, English Oak Table Ware, Dixon's Celebrated Electro Plate, Diamonds, and Fine Jewelry, Watches, Clock's. Imported direct from the English Manufacturers for Cash, and are for Sale at the Lowest Possible Prices.

$$$.....$$.....$$$

What you make by getting your clothes made at J. W. Creighton's. Prices—Overcoats from $25.00 up; Suits from $18.00 up, and Pants from $5.00 up.

No. 86 Government Street.

WINTER TIME TABLE

NATIONAL ELECTRIC TRAMWAY AND LIGHTING COMPANY.

20 MINUTE CAR SERVICE.

FORT ST.—5c.—First car leaves the Power House at 6:20 a.m.; Hospital at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 11 p.m.; Hospital at 11:20 p.m.

OAK BAY—5c.—First car leaves Junction at 7:20 a.m.; Oak Bay at 7:30 a.m. Last car leaves Junction at 10 p.m.; Oak Bay at 10:20 p.m.

DOUGLAS ST. AND OUTER WHARF—5c.—First car leaves Tolmie Avenue at 6:35 a.m.; Outer Wharf at 6:40 a.m. Last car leaves Tolmie Ave. at 10:55 p.m.; Outer Wharf at 11:00 p.m.

SPRING RIDGE AND BEACON HILL—5c.—First car leaves Beacon Hill at 6:50 a.m.; Fernwood at 6:45 a.m. Last car leaves Beacon Hill at 10:20 p.m.; Fernwood at 11:18 p.m.

ESQUIMALT—10c.—First car leaves Power House at 7:00 a.m.; Campbell's Corner at 7:30 a.m.; Esquimalt at 7:35 a.m. Last car leaves Power House at 10:40 p.m.; Campbell's Corner at 10:30 p.m.; Esquimalt at 11:05 p.m.

F. W. McCRADY, Sup't.

Our Christmas Fruit

Extra Selected Clusters,
Fine Valencias, . . .
Sultanas, ...
Finest Currant, ...
Candied Peel, Etc., Etc.

Arrived

Full Assortment of Xmas Goods at Verv Lowest Pricees.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

The World's Record

Now held at 88 Government street where the $25 Suits are made in 24 hours' notice, and Pants made in 6 hours.

The Goods are not Given Away

But these prices cannot be approached in the East or B. C.

D. CAMPBELL & CO., 88 GOVERNMENT STREET.

Mortgagee's Sale of Schooner.

Tenders for the purchase of the.

SEALING SCHOONER "VICTORIA"

Her boats, guns and appurtenances, will be received up to the 20th inst at the office of Thomas Earle, Wharf Street, where full particulars can be obtained. The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted. dec5-td.

Victoria Building Society

The 36th Drawing for an appropriation in connection with the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad Street, opposite View,

ON THURSDAY, 14th DEC., 1893, at 8 p.m.

See that your shares are in good standing.

By order,
A. St. G. FLINT, Secr'y.

A few shares on hand which can be taken up by applying to the Secretary, at his office, 18 Broad St., opposite Driard. d9.

NOTICE.

Licensing Court.

The Board of Licensing Commissioners will sit in the Police Court, City Hall, on Wednesday, the 13th inst., at 2:30 p.m.

By order,
WELLINGTON J. DOWLER C.M.C.

Victoria, B. C., December 11th, 1893. d11-3t

W. J. STODDART.

Watches, Clocks and Jewelry repaired at the lowest price in town and the best of work.

Cleaning, 75c.; best main spring, 75c; balance staffs, $1.25; clocks cleaned, 50c.; seal teeth mounted for brooches in gold, $3.50; seal charms and pins, $2.00.

Repairs of every description.

New York Hotel Building, Yates Street, Opposite Wilson Hotel.

N.B.—Chronometers, Repeaters, Chronographs repaired at half the price charged elsewhere.

Health

Wealth

Wisdom

You promote the first,
Secure the second,
And prove that you already
Possess the last by
Ordering your Christmas
Supplies from

Saunders'

THE Grocery Store Of British Columbia.

Rountree's Chocolates,
Craven's Confectionery,
Tom Smith's Crackers,
Choice Wines and Liquors

Nos. 39 and 41 Johnson Street.

OMNIPOTENT ONENESS.

Condemnation of Conglomeration in Advertising.

TALK OF ONE THING ONLY

The Unquestionable Strength of Consolidation and Concentration in Publicity—Make One Point and It Will be Remembered.

Written for the Times by Nath'l. C. Fowler, Jr., Doctor of Publicity.

One thing at a time, because there's not time enough for two things at a time.

The economy of religion, politics and business focuses its strength into one concentrated point, that by its oneness it may stand in the full majesty of single identity.

The man who thinks he can do everything is the jackass of all trades. No man can do two things as well as he can do one. No book or play with more than one leading character has ever gained public approval. The business man who can sell goods as well as he can buy goods is a mighty poor business man both ways.

The strength of success is the oneness of it.

Two lamps do not appear to give twice as much light as one. One might as well mix soup with his fish, and live upon semi-fluid hash, as to attempt to say more than one thing at a time, do more than one thing at a time or advertise more than one thing at a time. Two good things are not twice as well appreciated as one good thing.

A nail squarely hit on the head and well driven will hold better than ten nails bent in the driving. One point remembered is better than ten points forgotten.

The advertisement which tells everything about the man who advertises and as much about the goods he has for sale, interesting as it may be to the advertiser himself and to those in his employ, is weak as dish water to the reader.

An advertisement of shawls in the same column and closely connected with a similar announcement of window shades, allows the window shade argument to detract from it and itself detracts from the window shade argument.

People like to buy something which is especially advertised. They like to feel that on a certain day the great specialty is window shades, or shawls, or something else, and that they can expect on that day something extra for the money. This is an age of specialties, and regular goods must be advertised as specialties, to attract special attention.

When it is necessary for a firm to advertise a large number of things at the same time, these articles should be divided by lines, borders or intervening space, so that each article will have an identity of its own, and not be mixed up with other similar or dissimilar articles.

The woman who desires to buy some sheeting will read and be guided by an advertisement which is all sheeting when she will pass by an advertisement which speaks of sheeting, hose, blankets, handkerchiefs and other things.

While parlor stoves and ranges are in the same general line, it is far better to advertise the range in one advertisement and the stove in another, giving each the full identity of itself alone rather than to combine them in one general advertisement.

An advertisement, besides advertising only one thing, should attempt to make but one point at a time, for one point will be remembered while a great many points will be forgotten, and too many points allow each point to handicap the effect and strength of all of the other points.

There are cases where description must be given, and there is no objection to it, but the descriptive matter can be set in type of reasonable size so as to allow room for the largest heading and the greatest display, there being sufficient argument or interest in the heading and the opening part of the descriptive matter to make the person read further, if he be a possible customer. The advertisement can have all the advantages of brevity, and yet contain a large amount of descriptive matter, because the advertisement can be practically in three parts —an attractive heading, followed by a short argument in large type and complete in itself, both preceding the descriptive matter.

Appended are a number of headlines, all calculated to be somewhat unique, and, as far as I know, entirely original. Most of the headings would look better in double column space. I have interlined them with leaders, not because it is necessary, but in this limited space I have to throw them into prominence, when larger type in double column will do it without the assistance of any border or shading. Headings should be invariably set in very plain type. Gothic is always acceptable, Antique not at all objectionable, and such letters as De Vinne, De Vinne Slope, Ronaldson Slope, and any other sloping letters, and very large Roman, can be recommended.

SUB-CELLAR PRICES

Christmas Suggestions

..On Time Watches..

Rain Shedding Umbrellas

Pretty Pictures

..They Fit..

Does Your Hat Match Your Face?

ITALIAN RIOTERS.

Horrible Treatment of a Policeman by a Mob.

Rome, Dec. 11.—A serious outbreak, resulting in the death of a peasant and the serious, if not fatal burning of a constable, occurred yesterday at the town of Bitonto. The people were celebrating a religious festival, and at night had a large quantity of fireworks that they intended to set off. The gendarmes and custom officers interfered to prevent the fireworks display, on the ground that it would be dangerous. The people resented this action, and when the officials persisted in their determination to prevent the display a riot ensued. The gendarmes were getting the worst of the encounter when they were ordered to fire upon the mob. The order was obeyed and a peasant was killed. This added to the fury of the mob, and the fighting was renewed. The gendarmes apparently not wishing to fire into the crowd, again slowly retreated to the police station. This place was stormed and captured.

In the meantime a constable named Curiel fell into the hands of the mob and somebody suggested that he be made a torch of. This suggestion was hailed with yells and cheers of delight. A quantity of petroleum was procured and poured over the unfortunate constable. A match was then applied to his clothing, and in an instant he was enveloped in a mass of flames. Just at this moment, a body of gendarmes, who had come from another quarter of the town, made a rush with drawn swords upon the mob, scattering them right and left with blows from the keen edged blades. Coats were torn off and wrapped about Curiel, who, by this time, was unconscious. When the fire was extinguished he was horribly burned, his face being almost unrecognizable. He was attended by physicians, who, upon examining him, gave it as their opinion that he had inhaled fire and would in all likelihood die. The gendarmes then turned their attention to the rioters in the station house and soon put them to flight. Many of the mob were wounded. Several of the rioters were captured and locked up.

A fatal riot is reported from Giardinelli. The rural population are bitterly opposed to the new communal tax on the sale of milk, and a riotous crowd vented their indignation against the communal council for imposing the tax. They made an attack upon the building in which the court meetings are held and it was necessary for troops to intervene to restore order. The troops fired into the mob and killed four persons, and wounded several others. The rioters then dispersed.

Another dispatch gives details of a riot at Partenico, Sicily, on Saturday. A mob of peasants who had protested against the milk tax, wrecked the communal building and dragged on the ground two carbineers who tried to summon military reinforcements. When the troops arrived they found at the head of the mob several women, who carried aloft portraits of the king and queen and screamed, "Down with taxes!" The officers in command of the troops appealed to the women to be quiet and called upon the mob to disperse, but no heed was given to their words. Several shots were fired by the rioters before the troops received orders to shoot. After the first volley the mob retreated, carrying away several killed and wounded. As soon as the troops were withdrawn the rioters gathered again, entered the rooms of the sheriff and killed him and his wife. The leaders cut the heads from both bodies, stuck them on poles and carried them at the head of the mob through the town. Of the eight persons killed during the riots, four were shot dead by the soldiers and two were wounded so severely that they died within an hour. The other two on the death list were the sheriff and his wife. Ten persons who were wounded are still alive. The majority of them will recover.

General News.

Austin, Tex., Dec. 11.—This morning at 12 o'clock, as the northbound International and Great Northern express was passing Duval, a small station seven miles north of here, it was side-tracked and robbed by a gang of seven train robbers. As the engine slackened speed for the station, the engineer saw a man standing at the switch stand; before he could stop the train he had run on a siding. The headlight was shot out and a brakesman, who was running up from the rear of the train had his lantern shot out of his hand. In the meantime a perfect fusilade was kept up by the robbers, so that no one dared venture out of the train. The express car was the first object of attack, the robbers securing a package containing $600. The passenger coach was next attacked, and as a robber at each door kept the passengers covered, another went through the car taking everything he could get. He had a large sack hanging over his shoulders, into which he threw watches, jewelry and money. As he entered the car he laid the express package on a seat, and before he had finished the passenger coaches the uproar became so great that he jumped off the other end of the train without coming back for the package or molesting the passengers in the sleeper at the rear of the train. The fireman was the only person injured, receiving a flesh wound in the arm. The amount taken from the passengers is very large, though the exact sum is unknown. Police left here this morning for the scene of the robbery with bloodhounds.

London, Dec. 11.—The wire gymnast Lots, while performing at Bionie, Poland, fell on the benches and was so badly injured that she was taken to a hospital. She is said to be dying.

London, Dec. 11.—Sir E. B. Malet, the British ambassador, as doyen of the foreign ambassadors, gave the first official dinner in honor of the United States ambassador and Mrs. Runyon. Sir Arthur Sullivan happened in after dinner and entertained the company with extracts from his own works.

No other remedy is so reliable, in cases of sudden colds, or coughs, or for any and all derangements of the throat and lungs, as Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. This wonderful medicine affords great relief in consumption, even in the advanced stages of that disease.

Debates in the Reichstag.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—The time of the reichstag was on Saturday taken up with a humdrum debate on bills of minor importance. In the lobbies also the subject of the commission on the proposed bourse taxes was languidly discussed until the news came of the anarchist outrage in the French chamber. Then everybody wakened up and the explosion was discussed in all its phases. In the course of the evening a number of the members of the reichstag went to the chancellerie to inquire what protection there was against similar outrages in the reichstag. Chancellor von Caprivi, as a result of the scare gave instructions that the guards about the reichstag building be increased in number, and that all the tickets of admission be carefully scrutinized before those presenting them be allowed to enter, although he thinks that the present arrangement in this respect is well nigh perfect. The composition of the bourse tax commission is such as to assure the government of a support of a majority of its 28 members on the commission's report. The intemperate language used by Lieberman von Sonnenberg when the bill was sent to the commission, in attacking bourse operations generally as immoral, and bourse speculations as swindling rather tended to strengthen Dr. Miquel's bourse duty scheme. The proposed wine tariff will stand but the tobacco tariff will have to be greatly modified. A tax on luxuries involving a complicated tariff, and affecting everything in use except the necessaries of life, is under consideration by the government to fill the gap left by the alteration of the wine and tobacco duties. The fiscal projects, however, will not be decided until after Christmas.

Piles! Piles! Itching Piles.

Symptoms—Moisture; intense itching and stinging; most at night; worse by scratching. If allowed to continue tumors form, which often bleed and ulcerate, becoming very sore. Swayne's Ointment stops the itching and bleeding, heals ulceration, and in most cases removes the tumors. At druggists or by mail, for 50 cts. Dr. Swayne & Son, Philadelphia. Lyman Sons & Co., Montreal, Wholesale Agents. ttsaw

It is not Sawdust

We use in making INDURATED FIBRE WARE. Some people think it is, but they are mistaken. We use nothing but the longest and strongest Wood Fibre, pressed into shape without seam or joint of any kind, and Indurate it by a patent process which renders it impervious to heat, cold and liquids. INDURATED FIBRE WARE imparts no taste or smell to its contents, and is the lightest, tightest, sweetest and most durable ware ever made.

Ask for EDDY'S

The Highest Standard of Excellence in Point of Flavor, Nutrition and Digestibility

Has been attained by

JOHNSTON'S FLUID BEEF.

The Public have a positive guarantee that they are getting the best possible form of concentrated nourishment.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES.

BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (With power to increase) £600,000, $2,920,000
RESERVE £270,000, $1,314,000

HEAD OFFICE: . . . 60 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND

BRANCHES:

In British Columbia—VICTORIA, VANCOUVER, NEW WESTMINSTER, NANAIMO, KAMLOOPS AND NELSON, (KOOTENAY LAKE).

In the United States—SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, SEATTLE AND TACOMA

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

IN CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce, Merchants Bank of Canada, The Molsons Bank Imperial Bank of Canada, and Bank of Nova Scotia.
IN UNITED STATES—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU—Bishop & Co

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT Deposits received from $1 upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3½ per cent. per annum

Gold dust purchased and every description of Banking business transacted.

Victoria, B.C. July 1, 1893. GEO GILLESPIE, MANAGER.

C. E. PERRY, Mem. Inst. C.E., P.L.S. M. S. DAVYS, M.E. H. GRAY, C.E., P.L.S.

PERRY, GRAY & DAVYS

CIVIL AND MINING ENGINEERS

Provincial Land Surveyors, Real Estate & Mining Brokers

Railway Reconnaissance and Location Contracts taken. Estimates Prepared. Prospecting Outfits Organized. Mines Reported on and Assays Furnished.

In connection with our Engineering and Surveying Department, we are opening up an office at Nelson, in the now famous Kootenay District, for the purpose of handling Real Estate and Mining in all its branches. Our partner Mr. M. S. Davys having resided in the Kootenay country for the past five years, and successfully developed valuable mining properties there has ability to furnish reliable information as to location and values of properties.

OFFICES

VICTORIA Room 4, Spencer's Arcade Government Street. NELSON, B.C

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

Subscription, $2 per annum in advance; postage in addition to foreign countries.

Address,

THE TIMES P. & P. CO.,
Victoria, B. C.

RAILWAYS.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 12th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. (READ UP.)

Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.	No. 2 Passenger Saturdays.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.
		P.M.	A.M.
0	VICTORIA	Lv 2 30	8 00
6	ROYAL OAK	2 36	8 06
11	MALLORY'S	2 41	8 11
14	HILLSIDE	2 44	8 14
17	QUAMICHAN	2 47	8 17
20	COBBLE HILL	2 50	8 20
23	MOUNTAIN VIEW	2 53	8 23
26	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	2 56	8 26
30	DUNCANS	3 00	8 30
36	SOUTH END	3 06	8 36
39	CROFTON	3 09	8 39
45	NANAIMO	Ar 3 15	8 45
	WELLINGTON	Dp	Ar

NORTH BOUND (READ DOWN.)

Miles from Victoria.	No. 1 Passenger Saturdays.	No. 2 Passenger Daily.
	P.M.	A.M.
0	Dp 2 00	8 00
6	2 06	8 06
11	2 11	8 11
14	2 14	8 14
17	2 17	8 17
20	2 20	8 20
23	2 23	8 23
26	2 26	8 26
30	2 30	8 30
36	2 36	8 36
39	2 39	8 39
45	Ar 2 45	8 45
	Dp	Ar

On Saturdays and Sundays

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter, good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter, where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent, Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

E. E. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED).

TIME TABLE NO. 22,

Taking effect November 1st, 1893.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 7 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 12:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C. P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Luis Island, Sunday at 12 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Pioneer Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Mercehe Islands and Sidney Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 12 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pioneer Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st and 15th of each month at 12 o'clock. When sufficient Inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The Company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification. JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 11 A.M.

Walla Walla . . Dec. 15

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY

The Scenic Route of the World.

Cheap Rates and Fast Time

TO ALL POINTS

East and South East.

THROUGH SLEEPERS on all trains to St. Paul and Montreal.

ELEGANT UPHOLSTERED TOURIST CARS leave daily for St. Paul and Minneapolis. Every Tuesday for Boston and every Saturday for Toronto running through WITHOUT CHANGE.

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CALLED THEM CRAWFISH.

Ald. McKillican and Ald. Henderson Have a Little Spat

IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER LAST MIGHT

McKillican Uses the Epithet Crawfish and Henderson Does Not Like It—The Street Signs—A Number of Petitions for Light, Water and Sidewalk.

There was not a vacant seat at the council board last night; business was commenced exactly at 8, without the reading of the minutes.

The finance committee reported appropriations out of the general revenue amounting in all to $1,800, and $670 out of the surface drainage by-law funds. Adopted.

A by-law regulating the coming municipal elections was introduced by Ald. Styles. When the by-law was in committee of the whole Ald. Baker objected to the market hall as the place of polling for aldermen of the North ward. He preferred the city hall, the old place. There was no reason why the polling booth for the North ward aldermen and the mayor should not be in the same place.

Mayor Beaven explained that the place of polling for school trustees had to be changed, and it was thought well to change the polling place for North ward aldermen. People complained of climbing the stairs in the city hall.

Ald. Styles remarked that last year there was the utmost confusion in having the one place for polling purposes for school trustees, North ward aldermen and mayor.

Ald. Harris favored the market, and the majority of the council agreed with him.

The by-law was completed with a few unimportant changes.

Ald. Harris asked if it was necessary to give notice of resolution to amend the municipal act.

Mayor Beaven replied in the affirmative.

Street sign tenders were opened.

Ald. Bragg moved the matter be left in the hands of the street committee and city engineer to award the contract for wooden signs. The placing of the enamel signs he favored leaving over till next council.

Ald. Baker wanted 1,000 wooden signs instead of 500, as the tenders called for. He made this an amendment.

Ald. McKillican moved an amendment to the amendment that the street committee be authorized to let the contract for 500 each of enamel and wooden signs.

Ald. Henderson advocated putting up the wooden signs and leaving the enamel signs to the incoming council.

Ald. Bragg would like to see any extra funds in hand expended on the streets, only putting up the wooden signs.

Ald. Harris did not see any connection between the incoming council and the enamel signs. He advocated enamel signs entirely. This year's council had nothing to do with the incoming council. Not to let the contract was to trifle with the tenderers.

Ald. Styles did not like the idea of purchasing enamel signs. The money would go out of the province. Enamel signs could not be made in Victoria.

Ald. Munn did not like the proposed crawfish movement. He would like to see the council go ahead—for once.

Ald. Baker stated there was no money for the enamel signs. The enamel signs would alone cost the entire appropriation, $1,000. Ald. Munn's remarks were uncalled for.

The motion of Ald. Bragg passed.

Ald. McKillican cried: "Crawfish! Crawfish!"

Ald. Henderson—I am surprised that an old alderman like Mr. McKillican does not know enough to keep his mouth shut when a motion has passed.

Ald. McKillican grew red in the face and said, "It is not for you to teach me."

Mayor Beaven—Order! order! gentlemen!

The little spat ceased. Ald. Henderson had voted in favor of the wooden signs.

Eberts & Taylor, city barristers, reported in the case of McDowell vs. the corporation that the city had been given judgment.

Ald. Baker—I move that it be framed. It's the first case.

Property owners of Oak Bay avenue near Fort street asked for a box drain, sidewalk, electric light and fire hydrant. City Clerk Dowler was instructed to reply that the matter was receiving attention.

J. E. Prevost complained that the water had been cut off from his house. He related the circumstances under which the water was cut off and complained that it was an injustice to him. Referred to the water commissioners.

Ratepayers petitioned for an electric light at the corner of Burnside road and Douglas street.

Referred to the electric light committee.

Petitioners prayed that the continuation of Douglas street from the Leland house to the city limits be named Douglas street instead of Saanich road.

Ald. Baker moved that the request be granted.

Mayor Beaven said it must be done either by a by-law or by resolution of the council.

Referred to the street committee to take the proper steps.

Robert Porter & Sons, butchers, asked permission to use a portion of the sidewalk during the Xmas holidays for their display.

Referred to the chief of police.

The street committee reported in favor of sidewalks on the Indian reservation, Craigflower road, Michigan street, stone crossings on Fort and Broad streets and several other private matters.

Council adjourned at 9:40.

American Money Market.

New York, Dec. 11.—The stock market was lower most of the day, because of the engagement of $1,700,000 gold for shipment to Europe by to-morrow's steamers and the likelihood of additional exports later in the week. The earnings of the St. Paul for the first week of December, showing a decrease of nearly $200,000, also had an adverse influence on the market. The market ruled weak until the last half hour of business, when a firmer tone prevailed owing to a sudden rise in General Electric from 33 3-4 to 35 1-8. The market closed steady. The total sales were 218,123 shares. Closing bids, Atchison, 19 3-8; Burlington & Quincy, 78 1-8; Canada Southern, 53 1-4; Canadian Pacific, 73 1-2; Central Pacific, 19; Chicago, Cincinnati & Columbus, 37 7-8; Delaware & Lackawanna, 164; Erie, 14 3-4; Wells Fargo Express, 128; Great Northern preferred, 105; Lake Shore, 26; Louisville & Nashville, 49 3-8; Missouri Pacific, 24 1-2; New York Central, 101 3-4; New England, 30; North American Company, 4 1-2; Northern Pacific, 6; Northern Pacific preferred, 21 1-2; Northwest, 103 1-4; Oregon Navigation, 27; Oregon Improvement, 14; Pacific Mail, 14; Reading, 20 7-8; Rock Island, 67 3-4; Southern Pacific, 20 3-4; St. Paul, 62 5-8; Texas Pacific, 7 3-4; Union Pacific, 20 7-8; Western Union, 87 7-8. Money on call, 1 to 1 1-2; foreign exchange, sterling, 4.86 for 60 days; 4.88 1-2 on demand. Central Pacific firsts of 1895, 108 1-8 bid; Union Pacific firsts of 1896, 104 1-4.

GENERAL DISPATCHES.

News in Brief From Various Parts of the World.

Dublin, Dec. 11.—Sheridan, the man under arrest on suspicion of being concerned in the recent attempted dynamite outrage here, was again arraigned in court to-day and remanded.

Cape Town, Dec. 10.—A dispatch sent from Buluwayo says that King Lobengula has sent envoys to the British asking that a number of the British South Africa Company's men be sent to meet him. He desires to surrender and wants the soldiers to guard him. He has abandoned his intention to cross the Zambesi.

Rome, Dec. 11.—The banking house of Maquay & Hooker, No. 20 Piazza de Spregna, Rome, and No. 5 Via Tornabuona, Florence, suspended payment today. The Anglo-American colonists of both cities had large dealings with the firm. The Americans in Florence will feel the failure with special keenness, as they had been inconvenienced already by the suspension of DuFresne, whose bank had been used by them for many years. There is some expectation that Maquay & Hooker will arrange with their creditors to resume business.

London, Dec. 11.—The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the British grain trade, says: "English and foreign wheats are depressed. The average price is 27s. 6d. California, on passage, is quoted at 27s. 6d. and Oregonian at 26s."

Madrid, Dec. 10.—General Martinez de Campos, commander of the Spanish troops at Melilla, is sending back to Spain one captain from each regiment and a sergeant from each company. The Kabyles are peacefully rebuilding the mosque at Guarrach, which was destroyed by the Spaniards, and are restoring the cemetery.

Algiers, Dec. 9.—Two hundred Moorish Jews, who were expelled from Melilla recently by order of the Spanish general, have arrived at Nemours, province of Oran, in destitute condition. As a result an order was issued to-day forbidding Moorish Jews landing in Algeria.

London, Dec. 9.—Nightly rioting between the soldiers of the Highland Light Infantry and the Welsh Fusiliers at Aldershot has become so serious that the Duke of Connaught has ordered the pickets of each brigade to parade all night. Several rioting soldiers have been taken to hospitals suffering from serious injuries inflicted by swords, bayonets and rifles, which are found scattered about after the rioting in the morning.

Antwerp, Dec. 10.—Last night there was an immense fire in this city. The grain warehouse called the Hanseatic house, a block covering 80,000 square metres of ground, was completely destroyed. Ships in the dock's vicinity were removed before the flames reached them. The loss in the grain destroyed is 3,500,000 francs, and the loss on the buildings is estimated at 1,000,000 francs. An inquiry will be opened in regard to the origin of the fire. It is supposed to have been incendiary. The Hanseatic house, destroyed by fire this morning, was one of the historical landmarks of the city. The building was begun in 1564 and completed in 1568, from the plans of Cornelius Vriendt. At midnight two men were seen to leave the warehouse and run along the quay. It is believed they were the incendiaries. The fire broke out immediately after. The docks were filled with shipping. Seamen, soldiers and police made strenuous but unsuccessful efforts to subdue the flames. The tower and the roof collapsed at 1 o'clock. At 11:30 tonight the walls fell, burying a policeman and wounding many persons. The warehouse belonged to the city and was insured for 1,250,000 francs. It contained 11,000,000 kilograms of grain and 200,000 kilograms of linseed. One of the firms which occupied a portion of the buildings claims that its loss of grain amounts to 1,000,000 francs.

London, Dec. 11.—Mail advices from St. Petersburg report the discovery of a large quantity of dynamite on a barge in the Neva on the night of December 5. The barge, which is carrying boards and timber, was suspected by the police, and was stopped and searched. Three boxes of the explosives were found concealed under the timbers. The skipper and crew were arrested. The medical student to whom the dynamite was addressed was captured later. He had in his possession a number of anti-dynastic documents. When flogged he confessed that he had proposed making bombs with which to make an attempt on the life of the Czar while out on his daily drive. A number of supposed accomplices were arrested, among them being several young ladies and army officers.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—The Emperor William is again suffering with his ear disorder, which renders him exceedingly irritable.

Keep the blood pure by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. If you decide to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla, do not be persuaded to take any other.

Human Sacrifices in Russia.

Very few persons in Europe, or elsewhere, are aware that human sacrifices still exist in a part of the Russian Empire. The fact is, nevertheless, certain. Among the Tchuktchis, such sacrifices still take place, and seem likely to be practiced for a long time to come. At the same time no blame therfor can be attached to the Russian government or the orthodox church, for efforts by both to stop the custom have proved ineffectual. The sacrifices alluded to, are those of old people and the sick, who, finding no pleasure in life, , resolve to have done with earthly existence, to rejoin their dead relations, and go to increase the number of happy spirits.

The Tchuktchi, who has made up his mind to die, immediately notifies his neighbors and nearest relatives. The news spreads in the circle of his friends, and all of them soon visit the unhappy person, to influence him to change his mind. Prayers, reproaches, complaints, and tears have no effect on the fanatic, who explains his reasons, speaks of the future life, of the dead who appear to him in his sleep, and even when he is awake, calling him to them. His friends, seeing him thus resolved, go away to make the customary preparations. At the end of from ten to fifteen days, they return to the hut of the Tchuktchi, with white mortuary garments and some weapons which will be used by the man in the other world to fight evil spirits and hunt the reindeer. After making his toilette, the Tchuktchi withdraws into a corner of the hut. His nearest relative stands by his side, holding in his hand the instrument of sacrifice, a knife, a pike or a rope. If the Tchuktchi has chosen the knife, two of his friends hold him under the arms and by the wrists, and, at a given signal, the sacrificer thrusts the knife into his breast. If the pike has been chosen, two of his friends hold that weapon, and two others throw the victim on its point. For strangulation, the rope is put about his neck and the sacrificers draw it until death ensues. Then the assistants go to the corpse, redden their hands and face with its blood, and place it on a sledge drawn by reindeer, which draws it to the place of the funeral. Arrived at their destination, the Tchuktchis cut the throat of the reindeer, take from the dead body its clothing which is torn to pieces, and place the corpse on a lighted funeral pile. During the incineration, the assistants offer up prayer to the happy in the other world, and supplicate these to watch over them and theirs.

These horrible practices are followed to-day with the same exactness as in ancient times. The Iukatchis, the Lamouts, and the Russians, invited to these sacrifices, often take part in them, although there is no example of one of them having taken the same road to reach the other world.—Yakootsk Gazette.

Berlin, Dec. 11.—Dr. von Mittenacht, prime minister of Wurtemburg, who has been attending the recent debates in the reichstag, has been energetically lobbying against the proposed wine duties as ruinous to Wurtemburg and in violation of treaties between Prussia and the South German states.

The Long and Short of it is that S. Davis & Sons' Cigars have no equal.

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Hudyan.

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THE MAYORALTY.

To the Electors of Victoria:

I beg to intimate that I am a candidate for re-election as Mayor, and respectfully solicit your support.

ROBERT BEAVEN.

28th November, 1893.

MAYORALTY.

To the Voters of the City of Victoria:

Ladies and Gentlemen:—I beg to announce myself as a candidate for the office of mayor for the ensuing year, and most respectfully solicit your votes and interest.

I have the honor to be, your obedient servant,

JOHN TRAGUE.

Victoria, B. C., Nov. 27th, 1893. n28-td

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, hereby announce that J. WRIGGLESWORTH has been appointed sole agent for the sale of our lime.

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THE MARSHALL HOMICIDE.

Passage-at-Arms Between the Counsel and Judge Walkem.

MORRISON, COUNSEL FOR THE DEFENCE,

Refuses to Continue the Cross-Examination of the Principal Witness for the Crown—He is Accused of Adopting a Dangerous Course.

Yesterday afternoon Mr. Lucas, continuing his evidence, said: Afterwards Mr. Moresby came up and arrested Stroebel and the latter wrote out an order for Lucas to get some clothes as follows:

"Mrs. Bartlett,—Please give Mr. Lucas my clean clothes up in room and my white shirt. ALBERT STROEBEL."

Lucas identified the order, and continuing, said that he tore the mattress in Stroebel's bed in lifting it up. The mattress fitted the bed tightly. After lifting the mattress he saw two cartridges on the slats underneath.

The witness then showed the jury where the cartridges were placed on the slats underneath the bed. He could not swear if the slats were in the same position now as when the bed was in Stroebel's room. Would not say that cartridges might not have been placed there from the opposite side of the bed. It was not true that he frightened Mrs. Bartlett into signing any document. The document was the same now as then.

Cross-examined by Mr. Morrison: Never was a detective by profession. Had to do very little detective work in Sumas City in the capacity of marshal. Never did any detective work previous to this. Never made any arrests in Sumas. Had no fixed salary; was paid by statutory fees; was appointed marshal last January. Had a fixed salary at first but it was cancelled because it was the duty of the council to look after the interests of the ratepayers and keep down expenses. Recognized John Marshal when he saw him although he was not previously acquainted with him. Did not see a copy of the evidence he gave at the Westminster trial nor was his memory refreshed by anyone.

(The witness, in his cross-examination contradicted his evidence given in New Westminster several times and explained the matter by saying that the counsel for the defence came at him in such a way that he confused him.)

Continuing, he said that at first he suspected Stroebel and two others; might have suspected Eyerley. Arrested Stroebel after Mrs. Bartlett signed the statement. (Here the witness made glaring misstatements regarding seeing Mrs. Bartlett coming from Laurence's office. Claimed he saw her from underneath the building on the other side of it although he was on the sidewalk and the sidewalk was level with the door of the office.) He was a very poor scholar. "Ignorance should be blessed" philosophically remarked the witness. He was prepared to swear that the letter of Stroebel's given him by John Bartlett was the same as produced in court. He could not remember to give a synopsis of what was in the letter. Showed the letter to several people. Did not make any notes of conversation with Mrs. Bartlett. Got Fuller to write the deposition and brought it to Mrs. Bartlett to sign.

Witness said he read the document before but when counsel for defense asked him to read extracts from it he could not do so. He called "suspicious" "surprised" and afterwards declared there was no difference between the two words.

The jury examined the statement of Mrs. Bartlett.)

Witness: Told at the trial at New Westminster that he wrote the statement and read it himself to Mrs. Bartlett. Found the cartridges in the alley one with the hollow end up, the other on its side. He showed them to Mrs. Bartlett. Did not belong to any religious denomination but belonged to the I.O.O.F. Remembered having a conversation with O. B. Ackerman. Did not tell him "I have been watching for Stroebel a long time to get a hold of him. I do not know whether we can produce evidence enough to hang him, but if not and the s—— of a b——, comes back here I'll make it hot for him." He did not say to Ackerman that "Mr. Moresby was watching the case and if he did not do his duty he would take it out in his hands." The first time he saw Elmer Jessop was on the stand at New Westminster and did not tell him that the d—— s—— of a b—— (meaning Stroebel) had so much brass in his face he would not show any guilt." Did not tell John Bartlett "If Moresby can't get evidence enough to hang Stroebel I'll get evidence on this side of the line to drive him to h—l." Could not swear that he did not tell Officer Miller two years ago that he murdered a man in San Francisco and was dismissed from the police force. (There was quite a discussion about admitting the evidence of Police Officer Miller.)

The attorney-general explained that the crown paid the expenses of all the witnesses for the defence, that being the condition under which Mr. Justice McCreight had granted a change of venue, but Mr. Morrison claimed that he was hampered in getting his witnesses. The attorney-general had, he said, promised that the trial would not come on until the 12th, and possibly the 15th, and it was only a day or two before the trial came on that he had received notice of it, and then only indirectly.

The attorney-general replied that Mr. Morrison made no objection to the trial being held on the 6th, and had he done so his lordship would no doubt have postponed it.

His lordship stated that the defence could have by this time easily ascertained whether there was any foundation for the charge that the witness had been tried for murder in San Francisco. In trying to damage the character of witnesses for the crown the defence was adopting a very dangerous course. It had been suggested that the majority of the witnesses were pickpockets, opium smugglers and thimble riggers, and now the imputation was thrown out that this witness was a murderer, and all this without the production of any evidence to justify such charges. He had been indignant at the treatment some of the witnesses had received.

Mr. Morrison replied that his defence was not yet in, and asked his lordship whether he meant to insist that the defence should give in its evidence before the case for the crown was concluded. His lordship should assume that he (Mr. Morrison) knew what he was doing. He was pursuing the same methods as he had followed at the recent trial before a judge who had a reputation for fairness, and he thought he had met with some success. In the present case he was quite willing to take his chances with the jury.

His lordship replied that he had no right to depend on slanders whispered on the streets, but must be able to corroborate all the statements made against witnesses. His lordship would be compelled in fairness to address the jury on the matter and to point out that the unfortunate prisoner was not to be held responsible for a line of defence that was due to the inexperience of his counsel.

Mr. Morrison again reminded his lordship that he had not entered on his defence. He must, in cross-examination, lay the foundation for his defence, otherwise his lordship would be the first to stop him when he examined his own witnesses on the very matters on which he was now cross-examining the crown's witnesses. No fine feeling for the witness, Lucas, would prevent him from doing his duty to his client. He intended to conduct his own case, and so long as he was not stopped by his lordship he would pursue the course he had hitherto followed. This was the second time he had been interrupted, and he would not trouble the witness again.

Mr. Morrison refused to continue his cross-examination.

Mr. Wood, surveyor, gave evidence briefly, and the court adjourned until today.

Court sat at 10 this morning.

James Porter, recalled: When he found Marshall's body the lamp was still burning. This lamp had been bought for deceased by witness and sold a short time ago to Jimmy Russell by the administrator of the estate. The lamp produced looked like the lamp he had bought, and was the one he had got from Russell last week. At the last trial Stroebel pointed out where he had left his fishing rod, namely, south of the trestle near Marshall's. Found $80 of Marshall's money in a small chest containing a small quantity of tea.

Cross-examined by Mr. Morrison: The lamp produced at the New Westminster trial was not of the same shape as this one. It did not bulge out so much and would hold less oil.

To the court: Asked prisoner on the 20th what time he had got home on the night before, and he replied, "5 o'clock." On the day of the funeral prisoner said to him in reply to a similar question, "I got home late as I went fishing."

James Schofield, agent of the C. P. R. at Huntington, remembered the night of the 19th of April. Was in his office from 7.30 to 10.12 in the evening except for 20 minutes, when he was shopping with his wife, and no one passed the station during that time. Was told of the murder of Marshall at 6 o'clock the next morning by Macdonald. Had been talking with Macdonald the evening before in front of the station house. Telegraphed to Moresby between 6 and 6.30 a.m.

Charles Bartlett: Was at Sumas City the night of the 19th April. Was in the sitting room when Stroebel came home. Did not notice anything in his hand except a walking stick. Stroebel went to the kitchen. All had gone to bed except John Bartlett and witness, and it was not true that his wife and daughter Lizzie were up and in the kitchen. Heard one of the ladies call out, "Is that you, Al?" And the answer came, "Yes." "Have you had supper?" and he said, "No; I don't feel like eating." Mrs. Bartlett said, "Lizzie can get you some; she is not in bed yet," but the prisoner refused to take anything, saying he did not feel like it. Stroebel's statement at the Westminster trial that he had forcibly taken the revolver from witness while the latter was drunk was false. His wife's statement that "Bartlett had threatened to do some dirty work" was also false. Overheard conversation between Stroebel and witness as to the size of the bullet taken from Marshall's neck, and heard Stroebel say, "That lets me out; mine's a 38." It was 10 or a little after when Stroebel came in.

Cross-examined by Mr. Morrison: Was sober that night, though in the habit of taking occasional drinks. Was in the hotel business, but the property was in Mrs. Bartlett's name. Went to bed shortly after Stroebel did. Did not know what room he slept in. Was not particular what room he had. Did not know when he got up next morning. Did not go to see Marshall, although he had nothing particular to do on that day.

Court adjourned until 2.

After recess Robert Stevenson was sworn: Knew last witness to be an easy-going, careless man, who had a good reputation. Knew him in Chilliwack.

Mr. Lawrence, recalled, stated that Carpenter, another witness, bore a good reputation. He knew that Carpenter had been accused by Larson of stealing a hone, a razor and some mugs, and also that Larson soon after became convinced that there was nothing in the charge. Stroebel came into witness' office about April 10th to get advice on a certain matter. He said he had no money to pay for advice, but wanted his advice as a friend.

Cross-examined by Mr. Morrison: Stroebel was not the only man who came to him for advice without the money to pay for it.

Chas. E. Moulton, recalled: Stroebel asked him to give him two months' board on credit some time in March, saying that he was going to buy Carpenter out and he could then easily pay witness for his board.

D. McGillivray, sworn: Kept a hotel at Huntingdon; had a conversation with prisoner on April 20th. Asked him if he met any one when coming home the previous evening. Prisoner said, "No, I came only half a mile."

Capt. Peele, of New Westminster, took weather observations. The sun set three minutes past 7, standard time, on April 19th. It commenced to rain at 9 at New Westminster, and Huntingdon was 25 or 30 miles distant. Before the rain the sky was three-fourths cloudy, commonly called "fair."

Cross-examined: The wind was south-east. It would be dark before 8 o'clock. There was no moon.

Superintendent Hussey: Was at New Westminster at the former trial. Accompanied the court when taking the view at Huntingdon. Went into the room pointed out by Mrs. Bartlett as the prisoner's room. Saw the bedstead and mattress. Mrs. Bartlett pointed out slat underneath where she afterwards found the cartridges. What Mr. Moresby said yesterday as to location of the spot was correct.

Cross-examined: Walked across the marsh at Marshall's without wetting his feet, although he had only light boots on.

Re-examined: It was daylight, and he picked out the driest spots. One of the witnesses for the defence at the last trial described the marsh as a "natural cattle guard and impassable to man or beast."

Mr. Evans was recalled to read a portion of the evidence given by Mrs. Bartlett at the former trial for the purpose of contradiction. It was that in which she admitted that her daughter Lizzie was "irregularly engaged" to Stroebel.

The court then adjourned for fifteen minutes to enable the attorney-general to look over his notes, to see if he had any other witnesses for the crown. The case for the crown is probably closed.

JUVENILE ROWDIES.

School Boys Severely Lectured—Chicken Pox Among Cingalese.

Vancouver, Dec. 12.—A number of boys in the East End school under Principal Tom were arrested yesterday for creating a disturbance by smashing windows near the school and for general rowdyism. They were kept in jail several hours, severely lectured, and dismissed with a warning.

Four Singalese affected with chicken-pox were prevented from sailing by the Empress of China yesterday and sent to the small-pox hospital.

Brief Locals.

—Loyal Dauntless lodge, C. O. O. F., will hold an entertainment and dance in Victoria West hall next Thursday evening.

—It is reported that Arch. McTavish has been heard form in Tahiti, to which place he sailed in company with another Victorian from San Francisco shortly after leaving Victoria.

—The usual weekly meeting of the Y. P. A. association of the Central church was held last evening. Next Monday evening there will be a debate on Imperial Federation.

—Several hundred tickets have been sold for the Metropolitan Methodist church concert Wednesday evening, Dec. 13. The augmented choir of about forty voices and the assisting soloists have been rehearsing sedulously to ensure success.

—Vancouver lodge, A. O. U. W., has elected the following officers: M. Myers, P. M. W.; Wm. Turpel, M. W.; D. Fulton, foreman; E. J. Edwards, overseer; J. Critchley, recorder; R. Seabrook, receiver; W. Jackson, financier; J. A. Cohen, guide; M. D. Leeson, J. W.; and V. E. Silver, O. W. M. Myers, P. M., and W. R. Dinsdale are the delegates, with F. Gilchrist as alternate, to the Grand lodge meeting at Ladner's Landing next May.

—In yesterday's Times appeared two letters written by Misses Laura Taylor and Sarah Vinney of St. Louis. The two ladies made anxious inquiry for Henry Perpeno, a colored man, stepfather of Miss Taylor and an uncle of Miss Vinney. Henry Perpeno resided in Victoria for many years, at the corner of Pioneer and Blanchar streets. Several years ago he and his wife returned to Florida, where they died. Postmaster Shakespeare, who was a personal friend of the deceased, has written to the ladies, giving them all the information in his possession.

—Many accepted the invitations for the presentation of "The Lady Aria Bell," by Miss Boddington's and Miss Gallis's pupils. The performance was a creditable one and deserved the kind words Bishop Perrin said of it. The cast follows:

Cinderella (Lady Aria Bell)	Miss Hilda Engelhardt—7 yrs.
Grizel	Miss Gillian Scalfe—8 "
Kathleen	Miss Joan Scalfe—7 "
Prince Paragon	Darrel Hanington—9 "
Mossback (Lord High Chamberlain)	Robert Powell—12 "
Maurito (Jester)	Jack Hanington—10 "
Silver Star (Fairy Godmother)	Miss Nellie Mara—9 "
Twilight	Miss Eglenna Switzer—5 "
Moonbeam	Muriel Henderson—7 "
Sunshine	Miss Violet Switzer—7 "
Dawn	Miss Elinor Hanington—6 "
Dew	Miss Winnifred Johnston—8 "
Muskrat	John Scalfe—5 "
Leaflet	Lytton Mara—5 "
Wasp	Harold Brown—8 "

Guests, etc.

Accompanist, Mrs. Hanington.

PASSENGERS.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—J F Stevens, Mrs Lens, Mrs Leon Snay, P H Causey, A Schwigart, J Bearman, A Burtz, Mrs Wisewell, R E Nixon, A Landbeck, J Rockwell, C H Wilson, L Cunningham and wife, J Pence, W Davis, R Husted, C Todd, J H Prescott, Ollie Ashley, H Clark, J E Small, F H Pidduck and wife, and daughter, Miss Pidduck, D Jones, Mrs Suffern, J W Graff, D De Ford, J Taylor, Mrs E Williams, Miss McKee, Mrs Beadle, D Stevens and wife, C Kelley, P P Kelley, A Williams, Mrs Gardner, D Wood, and consignees.

Per Steamer Yosemite from Westminster—S Hemans, Jos Clark, J Smith, L Guichon, W Wadhams, C Huffman, R B Leisher, P H Smith, Rev A B Winchester, R Reid, T Atkinson, Mrs Hunt, L Atkinson, Miss F E Hunt, Professor Austin, W Hinmans.

CONSIGNEES.

Per City of Kingston from the Sound—Todd & Son, Wilson Bros, McGregor & Son, M R & Tye, Erskine Wall & Co, J W Waitt & Co, J W Todd & Son, Campbell & A, Oppenheimer Bros, J & A Clearihue, B C Mills, M W Waitt & Co, T N Hibben & Co, Ames Holden & Co, P E Allen, Lenz & Leiser, W Bros, McLachlan Bros, R Baker & Son, Brackman & K, J B, Boyd & Co, Young Bro, E Blackwood, Chiu Chang Lung, Kipling E J Perry, C P N Co, City of Victoria, Cowan, W Webber, J K Gill & Co, N E T & L Co, E E Blackwood, T W Reamer, A T Owen, W G Stevenson, Gilmore McCandless, W Lyon, Chang Lang, Morrison, Beade, Jenkins, Challoner M, R Mortimer.

Per Steamer Yosemite from Westminster—H Bornstein, H Saunders, Erskine Wall & Co, Allice & Ault, F C Corne, D H Ross, J H Todd & Son, Pell & Co, T Earle, L Goodacre, J R Anderson, S Leiser, E Escalet, Vict T & D Co, Capt Warren, Yale & B, R P Rithet & Co, Geo Thomas, B C Cattle Co, J T Herring, B & K M Co, Paul Wateiet, Dominion Express Company.

The use of Hall's Hair Renewer promotes the growth of the hair, and restores its natural color and beauty, frees the scalp of dandruff, tetter, and all impurities.

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A choice assorted case of beautifully dressed DOLLS | DOLLS

FANS | Fashionable Feather and other FANS | Fans

The Finest quality only of KID GLOVES | KID GLOVES

CORSETS | from the world-renowned firm CORSETS | of H. Leprince, Paris.

Sainsbury's Lavender Water.

The sweetest and most lasting of Handkerchief Perfumes, to be had only of

T. S. FUTCHER,

Importer and Retailer, 41 Fort St., Victoria. dec9

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Cakes selected will be ornamented as desired.

The only practical and A1 Confectioner in the city.

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The Great Question

That everyone must solve is: Where can necessary supplies be bought most economically?

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The several grades and many prices that are shown, the customer is often in doubt which to select. But we can help you. The

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Quality of all the goods sold by us is unquestioned, while we keep prices at a minimum.

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The One Price, Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson Street,

A Special Line of Boys' Underwear Very Cheap.

A GOOD CHANCE!

CHEAP LUMBER FOR CASH ONLY.

I have received instructions from the assignees to sell the stock of Hughitt & McIntyre, now in the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, at greatly reduced prices. The stock is too well known for further comment.

S. F. McINTOSH,
Rock Bay Coal and Wood Yard.

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Reading Lamps
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Xmas 1893.

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"HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

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And Roofing.

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